# The Bombay Gazette.

No. 8,379 —New Series. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1875.


## THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.


Terms Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* still for the future be as follows:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

| *In Advance.* | | *In Arrear.* | |
|---|---|---|---|
| For Annum | Rs. 40 | For Annum | Rs. 60 |
| Half-yearly | 20 | Half-yearly | 31 |
| Quarterly | 10 | Quarterly | 16 |
| Monthly | 5 | Monthly | 6 |

To Subscribers Up-country.

| *In Advance.* | | *In Arrear.* | |
|---|---|---|---|
| For Annum | Rs. 40 | For Annum | Rs. 60 |
| Half-yearly | 20 | Half-yearly | 31 |
| Quarterly | 10 | Quarterly | 16 |
| Monthly | 6 | Monthly | 7 |

These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

Single Copy..... 4 As.


### TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

| | |
|---|---|
| First insertion | Rs. 5 0 |
| Second do. | „ 2 8 |
| Third do. | „ 2 0 |
| Fourth and succeeding insertions | „ 0 12 As. |

a line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion..... 8 As. per Line.
Second do. ..... 4 „ „
Third and succeeding ..... 2½ „ „
In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found, &c., &c.

The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes, will be as follows:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Not exceeding three lines | Re. 1 0 |
| Each succeeding line | „ 0-8 As. |

Advertisement exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee* and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied in Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch

Domestic Occurrences: Each—Extract 2.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances, should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

## SHIPPING.

STEAM TO LONDON FROM KURRACHEE, CALLING AT ADEN, HODEIDA, JEDDAH, ALGIERS, AND LISBON.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED, will despatch the S. S. ASSYRIA, 1,464 Tons, 200 H. P., Commander Heasman, as above from Kurrachee on SATURDAY, the 26th December. Cargo and Passengers can be booked from Bombay and all the Ports at which the Company's Steamers touch.

The Assyria is fitted in the usual style of the Company's Vessels, and has excellent accommodation for 24 First-class Passengers and 16 Second-class.

The Kurrachee Steamer leaving Bombay on FRIDAY, the 10th Dec., and on MONDAY, the 13th idem, with Cargo and Passengers, will be in time for her at Kurrachee.

For Freight or Passage apply to

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 20th November 1875.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government, despatch Steamers as above with Mails, Passengers and Cargo every week.

The S.S. AVA, 2,200 Tons, 346 H. P., Commander A. Irvine, will be despatched on SATURDAY next, the 18th December 1875, at 4 P.M.;

| | Dec. 1875. | | Dec. 1875. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Leaves BOMBAY | 18 | Leaves Tuticorin | 28 |
| „ Ratnagherry | 19 | „ Colombo | 27 |
| „ Vingorla | 19 | „ Galle | 28 |
| „ Goa | 20 | „ Singapore | 31 |
| „ Carwar | 20 | „ Madras | Jan. 2 |
| „ Mangalore | 21 | „ Coconada | 4 |
| „ Cannanore | 22 | „ Vizagapatam | 5 |
| „ Tellicherry | 23 | „ Bimlipatam | 5 |
| „ Calicut | 23 | „ Callingapatam | 6 |
| „ Beypore | 24 | „ Pondicherry | 6 |
| „ Cochin | 24 | „ False Point | 7 |
| „ Alleppey | 25 | Arrives CALCUTTA | Jan. 8 |

Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked by the Steamer as this line hears on at from Intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle to the Messageries Maritime Company's Steamers, which run regularly.

Also for Batavia, Sourabaya, Tjilatjap, Palembang, Pantianak, Aicheen, Padang and Menados Islands, to go forward by the Messageries Maritime and Netherlands India S. N. Companies.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, via KURRACHEE.

Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will despatch a Steamer every week to the Persian Gulf, touching at KURRACHEE, GUADER, MUSCAT, BUNDER ABBAS, LINGAH, BAHREIN, BUSHIRE, and MAHOMERAH occasionally at BASSIDORE, and MAHOMERAH.

The S. S. EUPHRATES, 803 Tons, 120 H. P., Commander G. G. C. Stevenson, will be despatched on FRIDAY, the 17th December 1875, at 4 P.M.

| | Dec. 1875. | | Jan. 1876. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Leaves BOMBAY | 17 | Leaves BUSHIRE | 5 |
| „ Kurrachee | 21 | „ Mahomerah | 5 |
| „ Muscat | 24 | „ Feo | 7 |
| „ Bunder Abbas | 26 | „ Bahrein | 7 |
| „ Lingah | 26 | „ Lingah | 12 |
| „ Bahrein | 29 | „ Bunder Abbas | 13 |
| „ Bushire | 30 | „ Muscat | 15 |
| „ Feo Jan. 1876. | 1 | „ Guader | 17 |
| „ Mahomerah | 1 | „ Kurrachee | 21 |
| Arrives BUSHIRE | 2 | Arrives BOMBAY | 24 |

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE CALLING AT KATTAWAR COAST PORTS.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, and in connection with the weekly service from England, will, during the Fair season, despatch a Steamer to Kurrachee every FRIDAY, at 4 P.M., and an Extra Steamer on every MONDAY at 4 P.M.

The S. S. EUPHRATES, 803 Tons, 120 H. P., Commander G. G. C. Stevenson, will be despatched on FRIDAY, the 17th December 1875, at 4 P.M.

The S.S. KURRACHEE, 510 Tons, 120 H. P., Commander J. Avery, will be despatched on MONDAY, the 20th December 1875, at 2 P.M. calling at Veraval, Mangarole, Porebunder, and the Custom House.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY *VIA* SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY GENOA, and on the 1st of each Month.

PASSENGERS' RATES.

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class. | 3rd Class. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Aden | £32 | £15 | £4 | Without food. |
| Suez | 30 | 23 | 6 | |
| Port Said | 30 | 23 | 9 | |
| Brindisi | 30 | 24 | 12 | |
| Naples | 30 | 26 | 14 | |
| Leghorn | 30 | 26 | 14 | |
| Genoa | 30 | 26 | 14 | |
| Marseilles | 32 | 26 | 14-10 | |

Children under 3 years, free of charge. Children not above years, half fare.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—

SUMATRA, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st January 1876.
ASSYRIA, to sail on SATURDAY, 15th January 1876.
BATAVIA, to sail on TUESDAY, 1st February 1876.
INDIA, to sail on TUESDAY, 15th February 1876.
PERSIA, to sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st March, 1876
AUSTRALIA, to sail on WEDNESDAY, 15th March 1876.

From the 1st January 1876 Steamers will leave Genoa on the 10th and 24th, and Bombay on the 1st and 15th of every month, until further notice.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second-class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The exact hour of departure will be fixed and published a day or two previous to sailing.

For berth-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

C. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 9, Hummam Street.

Bombay, 9th December 1875.

ANCHOR LINE—INDIAN SERVICE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL VIA SUEZ CANAL, TO SAIL FORTNIGHTLY, FRIDAY, 31ST DECEMBER.

THE powerful Steamer MACEDONIA, 4,178 Tons, 400 H.P., Captain J. Mac Laren, will sail from BOMBAY for LIVERPOOL on FRIDAY, 31st December. This Steamer has superior accommodation, having been recently altered and fitted up to suit the INDIAN PASSENGER TRADE.

For Passage, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 13th December 1875.

## SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other first-class Vessels will be despatched for EUROPE.

| Vessels. | Captains. | Tons. | H.P. | Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| CATHAY | R. T. Dundas | 2983 | 500 | 20th—Southampton. |
| BANGALORE | T. Alderton | 3053 | 500 | 27th—Suez, &c. |
| | | | | Jan. 1876. |
| KHIVA | C. J. Peevins | 2609 | 450 | 3rd—Southampton. |
| PERA | R. McIntyre | 3119 | 460 | 10th—Suez, &c. |

Passengers are booked to Malta, Gibraltar and Southampton by every Mail. The Southampton Steamers proceed to that port direct; but by the alternate Steamers passengers change vessels at Suez.

Passengers to Brindisi, Ancona, and Venice are carried by every Steamer, but proceed by rail from Suez to Alexandria.

Passengers are requested to send their heavy baggage to Masagon, on the day of the Steamer's departure, before 10 A.M., in order that it may be weighed and labelled previous to shipment.

A small Steamer will leave the New Dock Head at Masagon at 3 P.M. precisely on the day of sailing.

GEORGE F. HENRY, Superintendent.

Bombay, 10th December 1875.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

On TUESDAY, the 28th Dec. 1875, at 3 P.M., from Masagon.

THE P. and O. Co.'s S S GWALIOR, 2,725 Tons, and 450 H.P. will be despatched as above carrying H. M.'s Mails and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta.

No Cargo will be received on board after noon on the day previous to sailing, and no brokerage will be allowed on any chest of opium, the officer's receipt for which is not lodged at the Company's Office before noon, on SATURDAY, the 25th December 1875.

GEORGE F. HENRY,
Bombay, 14th December 1875. Superintendent.

ANCHOR LINE—INDIAN SERVICE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE following or other First Class Steamers of the ANCHOR LINE will sail from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, to PORT SAID, SUEZ, and BOMBAY, and from BOMBAY to SUEZ, PORT SAID, GIBRALTAR and LIVERPOOL:—

| | From Glasgow. | From Liverpool. | Bombay. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Tons H.P. | Saturday. | Saturday. | Wednesday. |
| INDIA ..... 2389 500 | ..... | ..... | 15th Dec. |
| | | | Friday |
| MACEDONIA.. 2372 426 | ..... | ..... | 31st Dec. |
| TRINACRIA ... 2107 424 | 4th Dec. | 11th Dec. | 26th Jan. |
| EUROPA ..... 2277 424 | 18th Jan. | 8th Jan. | 23rd Feb. |

And regularly thereafter, further sailings being arranged according to the requirements of the trade.

All the Steamers of this Line carry a SURGEON and a STEWARDESS, and have superior First Class accommodation fitted with every convenience. They have also exceptionally good Second Class accommodation.

Passengers and Cargo booked through to New York in connection with the Anchor Line Transatlantic Service.

| Fares from Bombay to Liverpool. | Rs. | Sues. |
|---|---|---|
| FIRST CLASS ..... | Rs. 500 | Rs. 350 |
| SECOND CLASS ..... | „ 300 | „ 200 |

A reduction of 15 per cent. will be given on Return Passages all who re-embark by Anchor Line Steamer within twelve months of time of landing.

For Passage, Freight, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

NOTICE to INTENDING PASSENGERS per ANCHOR LINE STEAM SHIP INDIA.—PASSENGERS are requested to be on board by 8 o'clock THIS MORNING. The Company's Steam Launch will be in attendance at the Apollo Bunder.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 5th December 1875.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY, No. 4, FORBES STREET.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome English walnutwood, and richly carved blackwood household furniture, splendid pier glasses with console tables, Tucker's plated 3, 4, 5, and 6-light hanging argand lamps, rich cut-cuts, miniature billiard table, first-rate iron safes by "T. Wether and Son," best plated, rich crockery and glassware, a first-rate hand organ, first-class carriages, horses, sets of best English harness, &c., at Victoria Road, Byculla.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 15th inst., at 4 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place, the valuable and handsome household furniture, carriages, horses, &c., the property of Messrs. Hewett, Esquire, Turkish Consul, leaving for home, the same comprises, rich cut glassware, he dsome dessert, breakfast and tea services, best plated ware such as set of dish covers containing 4 vegetable dishes, cruet and pickle frames, breakfast companions, tea set, a handsome 6-light candelabras, single and double branch table candlesticks, cutlery, single and double barrelled guns, revolvers, &c., richly carved seasoned blackwood furniture such as a set of dining tables in 5-pieces, sideboard, dining-room chairs, circular, pier and card tables with marble tops, an elegant English walnutwood drawing-room suit consists of drawing-room table, easy and drawing-room chairs and a pair of sofas, all covered with rich blue silk damask, conversation and divan couches, handsome pier glasses, Tucker hanging and wall lamp, richly carved bookcase chiffoniers, English brass bedstead, handsome English mahogany almirs with plate glass-doors, China camphorwood chest of drawers with book case, dressing and washing tables, wardrobe, reclining sofas, rich carpets, a first-rate iron safe, writing tables, choice plants, &c.

AT 2 P.M.

A first-class English built circular glass fronted double seated brougham by "Windover."

A pair of handsome bay Australian young horses quiet in harness.

A handsome English built light mail phaeton in excellent order.

Sets of best English plated mounted single and double harness, &c.

Catalogues are published and the property is now on view.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome English Mahogany and richly open carved blackwood household furniture, best plateware, rich crockery and glassware, a first-class mahogany semi-grand piano by "Collard and Collard" valuable collection of chromolithographs and oil paintings, large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, iron water tanks, &c., at Chinchpogly Hill.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 22nd instant, at 1 P.M., Messrs BENNETT & Co. are instructed to submit to Public Auction at his residence, at the abovementioned place, the valuable and handsome household furniture, piano, &c., the property of J. Campbell, Esq.

Full particulars will be given hereafter. Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome household furniture, plated, glass, and porcelainware, &c., at the bungalow lately occupied by the late Dr. Ward, Malabar Hill.

On MONDAY, the 20th inst. at 1 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place the valuable and handsome household furniture, plated, glass and porcelainware, &c., the property of Honorable Mr. A. M. Rogers, changing his residence.

Full particulars will be given hereafter. Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

AUCTION SALE of the valuable landed property known as the Apollo House, situated at the junction of Apollo and Marine Streets, within the Fort of Bombay.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on the premises on WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of December 1875 at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the undermentioned valuable landed property:—

All that plot or parcel of land with the two-storied house standing thereon, suitable for offices or shops, situated at the junction of Apollo and Marine Streets, within the Fort of Bombay, admeasuring 980 and four-ninths square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Bombay under Nos 12 and 13, and in the books of the Collector of Assessment under No. 93, and bounded on the north side by a warehouse and offices, on the south side by the junction of Apollo and Marine Streets, on the east side by Marine Street and on the west side by Apollo Street.

For further particulars and conditions of sale and for inspection of title deeds of the property, apply to Messrs. Rimington, Hore, and Langley, Solicitors, Apollo Street or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 15th December 1875.

MERHJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.—PUBLIC MARKETS OF BOMBAY.

Messrs. MERHJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. are instructed by H. H. Jacomb, Esquire, Municipal Commissioner of Bombay, to put up to Public Auction the right to collect fees paid in the public markets by the vegetables and others who deal in fruit, vegetables, fish and articles of various kinds and who pay daily fees.

The rate of fees paid in each market together with particulars of the monthly receipts from the same for the last three years, and information as to the terms of sale, can be ascertained at the Municipal Commissioner's Office or at the office of the Superintendent of Markets, Arthur Crawford Markets. The sale will take place at 11 A.M. THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 15th instant, in the Arthur Crawford Market.

The right to collect the fees will extend from the 1st January to 31st December 1876, and the collection in each Market will be put up for sale separately.

MERHJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 15th December 1875.

NUSSERWANJEE, CULLIANDASS & Co., MILITARY SQUARE, FORT.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 15th instant, Messrs. NUSSERWANJEE, CULLIANDASS & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at 2 o'clock P.M., at their rooms, Military Square, No. 1, Fort.

| | |
|---|---|
| 4 | cases union cloth. |
| 2 | „ black cloth. |
| 10 | bales printing paper 40 lbs. 40 by 27. |
| 5 | „ „ „ 26 do. |
| 5 | „ „ „ 30 do. |
| 50 | cases wire nail. |
| 1 | case looking glasses. |
| 4 | cases pla ware. |
| 3 | „ chimneys. |
| 30 | „ old port. |

NUSSERWANJEE, CULLIANDASS & Co.

Bombay, 15th December 1875.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SIMPSON AND CO.,

CARRIAGE BUILDERS & HARNESS MAKERS,

MADRAS.

*ESTABLISHED* 1840.

S. & Co., with reference to the direct communication lately established between MADRAS and BOMBAY, beg to bring to the notice of the PUBLIC of the latter Presidency, that they are PREPARED TO EXECUTE ORDERS for ALL DESCRIPTIONS of CARRIAGES, HARNESS, &c., which they guarantee to be made up of the best seasoned material, and which, after lengthened trial, in nearly every part of India, have been found to be CHEAPER, LIGHTER, and MORE DURABLE than those imported from EUROPE.

They call special attention to their late arrivals of the NEWEST DESIGNS in HARNESS MOUNTINGS, suitable for four-in-hand CARRIAGE, DOG CART, TANDEM and CURRICLE HARNESS. In their Ware Room will be found EVERY REQUISITE for the COACH HOUSE and STABLE.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOUSE ASSESSMENT FOR 1876.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER has THIS DAY attached his CERTIFICATE to the ASSESSMENT BOOKS of the Fort, Colaba, Mandvi, Oomerkhady, Mazagon, Parell, Bhooleshwar, Girgaum, Malabar Hill, Mahim and Camatipoorah Wards.

APPEALS against the RATE must be presented to the Clerk to the Court of Petty Sessions within ten days from this date.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,

JOHN F. HUTCHINSON,
Assistant Municipal Commissioner and Assessor.

Bombay, Assistant Municipal Commissioner and Assessor's Office, 14th December 1875

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the COMMISSARY OF ORDNANCE at the Grand Arsenal up to 12 o'clock noon on FRIDAY, the 7th January 1876, and opened there in presence of the parties attending for supply by Contract of the Articles specified in the Schedule subjoined to the Form of Tender in accordance with the Notice published in the *Government Gazette* of the 9th instant, and continued in it till the 6th proximo.

J. B. REID, Lieut.-Col.,
Commissary of Ordnance.

Bombay, Grand Arsenal, 14th December 1875.

BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY.

BYCULLA SCHOOLS.

TENDERS will be received up to 20th December 1875 for the SUPPLY during the year 1876 of PROVISIONS, CLOTHING MATERIALS, and many other articles in use, concerning which full information as to probable quantities, present rates, &c., will be furnished on application at the Secretary's Office, Byculla Schools, when Forms of Tender and Schedules can be obtained on payment.

The Committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

Byculla, 14th December 1875.

THE MAZAGON SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

Notice is hereby given, that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No 5, Hornby Row on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd instant at 3 P.M., to confirm the following Special Resolution passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on the 8th instant, viz

That Clause 50 of the Articles of the Company be amended by striking out from the same the words "not being more than twelve Calendar months after the registration of the Company," and substituting in their place the words not later than the 30th April one thousand eight hundred and seventy six.

By Order of the Board,

C. & F. DINSHAWJEE, Agents.

Bombay, 14th December 1875.

DR. B IGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

THE Undersigned beg to intimate that they only sell the above preparation for CASH.

Per Case, 10-. 6d. at 1s. 9d. per Rupee=Rs. 6.

*The Trade supplied at discount.*

D. S. KEMP & Co., BOMBAY.

THACKER, VINING & Co.

NEW BOOKS.

| | Rs. a. |
|---|---|
| Ouseley on Musical Form and General Composition | 6 4 |
| Figuier's Primitive Man | 5 12 |
| Cassell's British Battles by Sea and Land, Vol. 3 | 5 12 |
| Jesse's Memoirs of Celebrated Etonians, 2 Vols | 17 8 |
| Hermann's Human Physiology translated by Gamgee | 10 0 |
| Fortunate Men, How they made Money and Renown | 2 4 |
| Proctor's our Place among Infinities | 3 12 |
| ——Science Byways | 6 12 |
| Fitzadam's Supreme Court of Judicature Acts | 12 8 |
| Comin' thro' the Rye | 3 12 |
| Thackeray's Old Kensington, *new edition* | 3 12 |
| Cassell's Old and New London, Vol 3 | 5 12 |
| Leisure Hour, Vol. 1875 | 4 8 |
| Sunday at Home, Vol. 1875 | 4 8 |
| Shakespeare's Plutarch, by Skeat | 3 12 |
| Grove's Frosty Caucasus | 9 8 |
| Pouchet's The Universe, *new edition* | 7 12 |
| Teresina in America, 2 Vols | 13 4 |
| Gems of Home Scenery—Wicklow and Killarney | 3 12 |
| The Fayoum, or Artists in Egypt, *new edition* | 2 4 |
| Art Pictorial and Descriptive, Vol. 1 | 1 8 |
| Captain Webb's Art of Swimming | 13 4 |
| Owen Gwynne's Great Work, a Novel, 2 Vols | 4 12 |
| Marquis of Lorne's Poem—Guido and Lita | 3 4 |
| Signa; by "Ouida" | 8 12 |
| The Æneids of Virgil; by William Morris | 4 12 |
| Verne's Loss of the Chancellor | 9 8 |
| Andrew Wilson's Abode of Snow, *a fresh supply* | 11 4 |
| Fawcett's Explorations in Australia | 10 0 |
| Ralph and Bruno; by M. Bramston, 2 Vols | 13 4 |
| Italy Illustrated and Described in a Series of Views; by Stanfield, Roberts, Harding, Prout, Barnard, &c. &c. 4to cloth gilt | 25 0 |
| Spain; by Baron Ch. Davillier, illustrated by Gustave Doré, *folio cloth, handsomely bound* | 40 0 |
| English Painters of the Georgian Era—Hogarth to Turner, 48 Photographs of Celebrated Pictures | 12 0 |
| Katerfelto; by Whyte Melville, *cheaper edition* | 5 0 |
| Amery's Notes on Forestry | 3 4 |
| Laslett's Timber and Timber Trees, English and Foreign. | 5 8 |
| Bonamy Price on Currency and Banking | 3 12 |
| Wild Mike; by Florence Montgomery | 2 4 |
| Dyer's Pompeii, *new edition* | 4 12 |
| Lees' The Octopus, or the "Devil Fish" of Fiction and of Fact | 2 0 |
| Notes on Muhammadanism; by Rev. T. P. Hughes, of Peshawur | 3 12 |
| Davidson's Amateur House Carpenter, a Guide in Building, Making and Repairing | 6 12 |
| The Good Hour, Tales by Auerbach. 250 *illustrations* | 4 12 |
| Lytton's Translations from Schiller and Horace | 2 4 |
| The Pentateuch and Book of Joshua in the Light of Science and Morals | 4 12 |
| Dr. Russell's Diary in India 1858-9, *new edition* | 4 12 |
| South Kensington Museum Art Hand Books, Textile Fabrics—Ivories—Furniture and Woodwork—Musical Instruments—Majolica *each* | 1 12 |
| Miller's Romance of Astronomy, *new edition* | 3 0 |
| Jane Eyre, *new Library edition* | 3 4 |
| Official History of Franco-German War, Section 7 | 3 12 |
| Instructions for Auxilia y Cavalry | 1 8 |
| Max Muller's Chips from a German Workshop, Vol. 4 | 11 4 |
| Powell's Law of Evidence, *new edition* | 11 4 |
| Stedman's Victorian Poets | 5 12 |
| Hartley's Air and its Relations to Life | 3 12 |
| Lommel's Nature of Light and Physical Optics | 3 4 |
| Out of the Mouth of the Lion, or the Church in the Catacombs | 2 4 |
| Bell's Angelic Beings, their Nature and Ministry | 1 8 |
| Holdsworth's Supreme Court of Judicature Act 1873-75 | 4 12 |
| Thuillier's Manual of Surveying for India | 15 0 |
| Chomley's Dustpore, *cheaper edition* | 4 12 |
| Her Title of Honour; by Holme Lee | 8 4 |
| Laird's Rambles of a Globe Trotter, 2 vols | 20 0 |
| Wylie's History of Protestantism, vol. 1 | 5 12 |
| All the Year Round, vol. 14 | 3 8 |
| Roger's Law and Practice of Supreme Court of Judicature | 13 4 |
| Ward's Students' Guide to Human Osteology | 6 12 |
| Lee's Lectures on Syphilis | 6 4 |
| Taylor on the Transmission of Ancient Books | 2 4 |
| Dawson's Dawn of Life, or the History of the oldest Known Fossil Remains | 4 12 |
| Sunlight of Song, Sacred and Morel Poems with Music and illustrations | 6 12 |
| Cassell's Races of Mankind, vol. 3 | 3 12 |
| Watt's Dictionary of Chemistry, *second supplement* | 26 4 |
| Ainslie's Guide to Local Marine Board Examinations | 3 12 |
| Land of the Pharaohs, illustrated; by Pen and Pencil | 6 0 |
| Wonders of the Physical World | 4 12 |
| Comte's System of Positive Polity, vols 1 and 2 | 22 0 |
| Doyle's History of America | 3 0 |
| Anderson's South Africa | 9 8 |
| Leishman's Midwifery, *new edition* | 13 4 |
| Wilson's Dermatology, 1874-5 | 6 12 |
| Huxley's Elementary Biology | 3 12 |
| Lacroix's France in the 18th century | 26 4 |
| Aunt Judy's Christmas Volume | 4 12 |
| Wynter's Border Land of Insanity | 3 12 |
| Marryatt's Novels. 16 vols., *half bound illustrated* | 40 0 |
| Practitioner. Vol. 14 | 6 12 |
| Guizot's History of France, 4 vols | 60 0 |
| Winn on Materialism | 1 8 |
| Smith's Lectures on Nursing | 3 12 |
| Beeton's Counting House Book | 1 8 |
| Clarke's Practical Geometry and Engineering Drawing | 9 4 |
| Regulations for Army Hospital Corps | 0 12 |
| Britin's Treatise on Dry Rot in Timber | 4 12 |
| Theodorus' New Reformation or Old Catholic Movement | 7 8 |
| Transactions of the Society of Engineers, 1874 | 9 8 |
| Proceedings of the Association of Municipal and Sanitary Engineers and Surveyors, vol. 1 | 6 12 |
| Haydon on Diseases of the Heart | 15 12 |
| Jackson's Man contemplated Physically, Morally, Intellectually and Spiritually | 9 4 |
| Erichsen on Concussion of the Spine | 6 12 |
| Rumsey's Essays and Papers on some Fallacies of Statistics concerning Life and Death, Health and Disease | 7 12 |
| Kardec's Spirit Book: Spiritist Philosophy | 4 12 |
| Darwin on Insectivorous Plants | 8 12 |
| Dilke's Papers of a Critic, 2 vols | 15 0 |
| Petit's Life of Mary Queen of Scots, 2 vols | 40 0 |
| Binney's Sermons, 1829 to 1869 | 7 8 |
| Life of Saint Teresa | 5 8 |
| Dana's Corals and Coral Islands | 5 8 |
| Whittney's Life and Growth of Language | 3 4 |
| Ellerton on Protestant Missions to India | 10 4 |
| Gordon's Elementary Treatise on Heat | 2 4 |
| Supplement to Irving's Annals of our Time | 3 0 |
| Memoirs of Sir Roderick Murchison 2 vols | 18 12 |

THACKER, VINING & Co.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED, GENERAL'S SWORDS in good condition. Apply by letter "A. B. C.," *Gazette* Office.

HAMS, CHEESE, and BACON received per Steamer Tartar. Price very moderate. Apply to HUDSON and Co., Hummam Street.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the BOMBAY CRICKET CLUB will take place THIS AFTERNOON in the CLUB ROOMS at 4 past 5.

WANTED, an EUROPEAN GOVERNESS. Answers by letter to "A.," care of Editor *Bombay Gazette*, Bombay.

# CHRISTMAS—1875.

## TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,

In reminding Constituents of the approach of another Season of

FESTIVITY AND GOOD-WILL,

Have much pleasure in notifying that their Stock, specially imported Overland, is larger and more various than ever, and of the same superior character which has been so long and so liberally appreciated.

### FOR THE FESTIVITIES,

THE COMPANY'S PURVEYING DEPARTMENTS

Afford choice of fresh Supplies of Excellent Preserved

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Bacon, | Dessert Fruits, | Jellies, | Poultry, |
| Bath Chaps, | Flavours, | Marmalades, | Sauces, |
| Biscuits, | Fish, | Mince Meat, | Sausages, |
| Cheese, | Fresh Meats, | Pates, | Sugars, |
| Chocolates. | Game, | Pickles, | Tart Fruits, |
| Cocoas, | Hams, | Pies, | Teas, |
| Coffees, | Herbs, | Plum Puddings, | Tongues, |
| Condiments, | Jams, | Potted Meats, | Vegetables. |

### FOR THE DESSERT TABLE—

THE NEW SEASON'S CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Apricots, | Golden Oranges, | Green Oranges, | Pralines, |
| Cherries, | Greengages, | Lunettes, | Strawberries, |

in cases of about 7 lbs, or by the lb.

Assortments of the above in boxes at from Rs. 1-2 to Rs. 3-0.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Brandy Fruits, | Chocolates, | Liqueur Comfits, | Peel Chips, |
| Candied Peels, | Figs, | Nougat, | Peel Rings, |
| China Preserves, | French Plums, | Noyeau Fruits, | Strawberries |

and a variety of other requisites of the choicest quality.

Holly, Mistletoe Ivy, Artificial Fruits, Paris Biscuits, Carlsbad Wafers.

ELEGANTLY DECORATED COSSAQUES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Mrs. Brown's Luggage. | Flirtation. | Zanzibar Whistle. |
| Arctic Relics. | Surprise. | Post Office. |
| Ye Hermit. | Gaiety. | Uncle Joe's Luck, |
| What men have said about women. | Forfeits. | City of London. |
| What women have said about men. | Courtship and Marriage. | Gipsy Queen. |

And thirty other varieties.

### THE WINE DEPARTMENT

Affords a variety of price and kind offered by no other House in the Presidency.

BURGUNDIES.
White and Red, Still and Sparkling.
Specially selected
CLARETS.
The Company's celebrated brands from their Bordeaux Agency.
PORTS.
Selected by the Company's Agency at the Alto Douro.

CHAMPAGNES.
From Giesler, Perrier Jouet, and the Company's Agency at Epernay.
HOCKS & MOSELLES.
Sparkling & Still from the Company's Coblentz Agency.
SHERRIES.
Ten brands of high class Wines from the Company's Xerez Agency.

BRANDIES, RUMS, GINS, WHISKIES.

All of the best brands.

LIQUEURS.

The largest assortment in the Presidency.

### FOR TOKENS OF GOOD-WILL,

THE FANCY STOCK DEPARTMENT

Affords a large choice of

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.
Portrait, Landscape and Scrap.
JAPANESE CURIOSITIES.
Glove Boxes, Cigar Cases, Chess Boards, Tea Caddies, Smokers' Companions, Card Cases, and Trays, &c. &c.
CHURCH SERVICES.
With the new Lectionary.
DRESS AND WRITING CASES.
Of a variety of patterns, In Russia, or Morocco, plain or richly tooled and gilt.

DRESSING BAGS AND CASES,
Very completely and handsomely fitted.
SCENT CASKETS,
In Russia or Morocco, each containing two or three bottles.
SMELLING BOTTLES.
Of twenty different Patterns.
SMOKERS' CHOICE.
Of Pipes, Cigar Cases, and all requisites.
TOILET CASES.
Of Morocco, with fittings of solid Ivory.
WORK BOXES AND WRITING CASES.
Elegantly finished of inlaid woods, Morocco or Russia.

And a magnificent assortment of nic nacs in Ormolu, Oxydized Metal and Olive Wood.

### THE JEWELLERY DEPARTMENT

Is replete with the newest designs of

BRACELETS.
Of Worked Gold, or set with Jewels, in a variety of Elegant Designs.
BROOCHES.
Worked Gold, or Jewelled, with and without Pendants.
CHAINS.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Albert and Victoria.
CHARMS.
For the watch Chain.
EAR-RINGS.
Small, neat plain Gold, or elegantly worked and Jewelled.
LOCKETS.
Plain bright, or dead, Gold, Chased, Engraved or Jewelled or Mourning; for attachment to Necklet, or Watch Chain; to take One, Two, or Four Portraits.
NECKLETS & NECK CHAINS.
Worked Gold, or Jewelled.

GOLD PEN AND PENCIL-CASES.
Spiral, Spring and Telescope; Plain Gold, Engine Turned, Fluted, or Engraved.
RINGS.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Jewelled.
SCARF PINS.
Worked Gold, Crystals, or Jewelled.
STUDS AND SLEEVE LINKS.
Plain or Chased Gold, or Jewelled.
SUITES OF BRACELET, BROOCH, AND EAR-RINGS.
Worked Gold, or Jewelled.
SUITES OF STUDS AND SLEEVE LINKS.
Plain Gold, or handsomely Chased.
DEMI-SUITES OF BROOCH AND EAR-RINGS.
Worked Gold, or Jewelled.

### THE ELECTRO-PLATE DEPARTMENT

is richly stocked with

BISCUIT BOXES.
BUTTER DISHES. CAKE BASKETS.
CANDLESTICKS. CELLARETTES.
CHRISTENING CUPS. CIGAR LAMPS.
CLARET JUGS. CRUET FRAMES.
DESSERT KNIVES & FORKS.
(Complete sets in cases.)
EGG FRAMES. EGG STEAMERS.
EPERGNES. FISH CARVERS.
FISH KNIVES & FORKS.
(Complete sets in cases.)

INKSTANDS. MUFFINEERS.
"OWL" MUFFINEERS.
NAPKIN RINGS,
(Complete sets in cases.)
PICKLE FRAMES. PRIZE CUPS.
SALVERS.

# COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

TUESDAY EVENING, 14TH DEC. 1875.

The Liverpool Cotton Market yesterday closed firm, sales 15,000 bales, prices on the spot as quoted by Reuter, showing an advance of 1-16d. per lb. in Ginned Broach and Mid. Orleans; arrivals, we hear from private sources, being 1-16d. per lb. higher.

This morning's Market opened quiet but unchanged, probable sales 10,000 bales, actual imports 15,000 bales.

From New York yesterday's, message quotes Mid. Upland on the spot at 13⅞ cents., an advance of ⅛d. per lb. Gold is unchanged but exchange on London has advanced from dlrs. 4·84½ to dlrs. 4·85½ per £ sterling. The receipts at the American ports to date are as follows:—

| | 1875 | 1874 | 1873 |
|---|---|---|---|
| Three day's Receipts..... | 69,000 | 77,000 | 65,000 |
| Total Receipts since 1st Sep. | 1,881,000 | 1,701,000 | 1,412,000 |

In the London Produce Markets there is no change to notice. At the Tanned Skin Sales 760,000 were offered. There was a fair demand, Sheep Skins realised full prices. Goat Skins of heavy weights were rather weaker.

A withdrawal of £50,000 from the Bank of England is advised but the amount has little significance in the present easy state of the Money Market.

Consols this morning are quoted at 93⅞; French Rentes at 104. Bar Silver continues at 56½d. per oz.

In Sterling Exchange there has been next to nothing doing to-day, and rates are nominally unchanged. There is still one bank out as a seller at 1s. 9 15-16d. for 6 months' sight, but this does not affect the general tendency, which is still very weak. We quote:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bank Bills on demand | 1s. 9 7-16d. | per Rupee |
| Do. 6 months' sight | 1s. 9d ⅞ to 15-16 | ,, |
| Credits 3 ,, | 1s. 9½d. | ,, |
| Documents 3 ,, | 1s. 9 15-16d. | ,, |

On Calcutta and in Government Paper we have heard of no business and rates are nominally unchanged.

In the Share Market there has been very little doing and there are no changes of importance.

For Cotton there has been a fair enquiry, and but for the high prices asked by dealers a fair business would have resulted. As it is, the transactions have been restricted to a few small lots of old Cotton and Sample parcels of New Hinghunghat at yesterday's rates.

Freights continue firm and for Liverpool business has been done by Canal steamers to-day at £2-7-6. There is, however, little cargo offering at this rate, and the general feeling seems to be that we have now seen the highest point for a time. A large business has been done by P. & O Steamers for Havre at £3 forward shipment.

Piece Goods are dull at unaltered prices. The enquiry is slow and stocks in first hands are gradually accumulating.

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The P. & O. Co.'s s. Potomac, 1,504 tons, Captain W. London, sailed yesterday for Aden, Jeddah and Hoodooda, with a general cargo, and six hundred and four pilgrims.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s. s. Medina, 533 tons, Captain R. L. Turner, arrived in the Harbour on the 13th instant from Aden (December 2nd), with Mr. Hogan, and eight deck passengers, and general cargo.

The Ship Nimrod, 1,095 tons, Captain F. Lyle, arrived in harbour on the 13th instant from Moulmein, (November 16th), with a cargo of timber. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Wallace and Co.

The S. S. Pearl, 366 tons, Captain W. Ashton, arrived in harbour yesterday from Coast and Cutch, with one hundred and ten deck passengers. She sailed yesterday for same ports, with a general cargo and one hundred and five deck passengers.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Kashgar, 1,514 tons, Captain E. G. Baker, sailed yesterday for China, &c., with China Mail, 1,486 chests opium, general cargo, and the following passengers:—For Yokohama:—Mr. C. G. Dunlop. For Galle.—Mr. F. S. Khan, Mr. B. Muncherjee, Mr. N. Cowasjee and servant.

The Anchor Line, s. s. India, 1,444 tons, Captain J. Harris, will sail to-day for Liverpool via the Suez Canal with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Col. and Mrs Loring, two Misses Needham, two Misses Marshall, Rev. M., Mrs and Miss Mawson, Mr. Crawford, and ayah, Mrs Vibert, two infants and ayah, Miss Hennecke, Mr. Hunter, Rev. Mr. M. E. Mills, Mrs Stover, Mr. Mundy, Mr. Hardie, Mr. Sellers, Mr. Monaham, Col and Mrs. Bird, and Miss Bird.

The S. S. Tagus, 1,547 tons, Captain A. Tyson, which arrived in harbour on the 12th instant from Liverpool, (November 5th), sailing via Malta and Suez, via the Suez Canal, brought the following cargo:—209 packages cotton, 345 boxes tin plates, 10 casks salamoniac, 19 packages glassware, 35 packages earthenware 123 packages wine and spirit, 303 boxes soap, 1,441 cakes and 3 casks spelter, 10,374 bundles iron hoops, 3,662 bundles and 13,751 bars iron, 30,000 bricks, 80 pigs lead, 10 cases alcohol, and many other packages of merchandize. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Rustomjee Sorabjee and Co.

## ARRIVALS.

| Dec. | Vessels. | Commanders. | From. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 13 | Nimrod | Lyle | Moulmein. Nov 16. |
| | Medina(s) | Turner | Aden. Dec 2. |
| 14 | Pearl (s) | Ashton | Cutch, Dec 10. |
| | Choice | Marsters | Liverpool. |
| | Diadem | Smith | Moulmein. |

## DEPARTURES.

| Dec. | Vessels. | Commanders. | Destination. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | Kashgar (s) | Baker | China, &c. |
| | Pearl(s) | Ashton | Coast & Cutch. |
| | Potomac (s) | London | Aden, Jeddah and Hoodooda. |

The Steamer Indis, Harris, to Liverpool, obtained her port clearance yesterday.

The following vessels were entered out for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Zante, to Liverpool.
Steamer Bangalore, to Aden and Suez.
Steamer Ava, to Coast and Calcutta.
Steamer Euphrates, to P Gulf via Kurrachee.

## METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

BOMBAY, 13TH DECEMBER, 1875.

*Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 6 p.m and 10 p.m.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fah | 29 912 |
| Temperature of the Air | 80 2 |
| Wet Bulb Thermometer | 67·0 |
| Dew Point | 56 7 |
| Relative humidity of Air | 0·514 |
| Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8) | 5·2 |
| Maximum temperature of the day (read at 9-30 a.m. on following day) | 88·5 |
| Minimum do. do. | 72·3 |
| General Direction of wind | NE, ENE, NE, NNW, N, NNE, ENE. |
| Movement of wind in 24 hours | 294 |

## DAILY IMPORTS.—DECEMBER 14.

### FROM LIVERPOOL.

Zampa s, 1,891 bundles hoop iron, and 105 bundles iron spears, Jules, Siegfried and Co.
India s, 3,370 bundles hoop iron, Halli Brothers.

### FROM LONDON.

Strathclyde s, 5 cases table salt, Abdoolhoosein Mahomedally.
Tartar s, 39 casks, bee, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee; 50 drums linseed oil, Chowdhry Rahimji; 30 cases champagne, Cutler, Palmer and Co; 50 cases yellow metal sheets, Jetha Purshotum; 7 cases carriages, Jaffer Sulliman and Co; 10 cases moselle, Jamsetjee; 12 cases cheese, Abdoolhoosein Mahamedally.
Zampa s, 80 cases bar soap, Jums Suckoor.
Bahjnod, 5 hogsheads ale and porter, and 1250 cks beer, Jamsetjee Nowrojee; 4 cases ink, Hajee Joonus Hajee Essack; 15 casks ale, Byramjee Nusserwanjee; 25 cases eau de cologne, C. Gibson and Co.
Venetia s, 6 cases oilmanstore, 1 case essence, 3 cases bacon, and 5 cases cheese, C E Mitchell and Co.

### FROM MARSEILLES.

Bangalore s, 2 cases saffron, A C Dady and Co; 2 cases saffron A Kunkler and Co.

### FROM BORDEAUX.

Arabia s, 50 cases brandy, C Bounevialle and Co.

### FROM BOSTON.

Susan E Vookis, 1,000 cases kerosine oil, and 500 cases turpentine, Bell, Brandenburg and Co; 200 cases sarsaparilla, and 40 cases painkiller, Dossibhoy Merwanjee and Co.

## DAILY EXPORTS.—DECEMBER 14.

### FOR LIVERPOOL.

Stelvio s, 40 bales wool, Hurridass Gangjee; 125 bales cotton, Framjee Cowasjee Patell; 98 bales cotton, Rambodhun Khanderao; 98 bales cotton, Chimandas Mahadewdass; 89 bale cotton, Govulbhoy Moolchund; 134 bales cotton, Gordhun Goorgur; 100 bales cotton, Indra Gondarjee; 97 bales cotton, Nuthoo Chuttgo; 2 bales cot on, Becherdas Amabdass; 40 bales cotton, Manockchund Malookchund; 77 bales cotton, W. Miller and Co; 50 bales cotton Bhujee Canjee; 42 bales cotton Har idass Gangjee; 5 bales wool, Bhimjee Canjee; 50 bales cotton, Feel Cassels and Co; 50 bales cotton, Goculdass Cullianjee; 100 bales cotton, Dayabhai Cullianjee.
Zampa s, 2,1 bales cotton, Nursee Khuttow; 65 bales cotton, Mohunjeet Purshotum; 50 bales cotton, Halli Brothers; 112 bales cotton, Jairam Dayall; 100 bales cotton, and 1,200 bags wheat, and 1,000 bags myrabollands, Halli Brothers; 400 packets wheat, Sharma Hobart and Co.
Zante s, 1,000 bags wheat, Sharma Hobart and Co.

### FOR LONDON.

Valkyrien, 500 bags linseed, Finlay, Scott and Co; 203 cwts coir yarn, Rogers Anstead.
Tartar s, 7 bundles woollen carpets, C Bonneviaille and Co.
Cathay s, 20 bales hides and skins, C M A A Mohidin and Co; 40 bales senna leaves and 60 cases ditto, 15 bales skins, Jacob Sawoo anc Co; 750 bags rapeseed, Finlay, Scott and Co; 2 bales skins and 13 cases fishmaws, Burnbully Allurwala; 41 bales hides, N Jehangeer; 460 bags rapeseed, Wallace and Co; 6 cases mother of pearl shells, Hajee Essa; 10 bales hides, Peermoomed Adamjee; 5 bales hides, Vulla Gunga; 2 cases peacock feathers, Rahemoobhoy Mahamed.

### FOR HAVRE.

Cathay s, 200 bales cotton, Jules, Siegfried and Co; 50 bales cotton, George Lockhart and Co.

### FOR TRIESTE.

Bangalore s, 50 bales cotton, Wallace and Co.

### FOR HONGKONG.

Kashgar s, 29 chests opium, E J Abraham; 9 chests opium, N J Abraham, 20 chests ditto, Nurse Khrahoo, and Co; 8 chests opium, Goculdayal Gungabux; 29 chests opium, Soorumull Buldeo; 1 chest opium, Thackersey Sewsamull; 35 chests opium, Tar chund Lukhmeeram; 9 chests opium, Khetadass Murmookroy; 25 chests opium, Hajee Essa Ali ms; 8 ches s opium, Hajee Abdoola Noor Mahamed; 42 chests opium, Thackersey Sewsamull.

### FOR SHANGHAI.

Kashgar s, 14 chests opium, Manockram Chooneelall; 10 chest opium, Gungaram Chajooram; 18 chests opium, Tarachund Luchmeeram; 19 chests opium, Tarachund Sittaram.

# MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL.—DECEMBER 13.

Bacon, Colonel, Bombay 20th Regt N I, from leave, from Matheran.

DEPARTURES.—DECEMBER 14.

Menzies, Surg Major, Bombay Staff Surg Poona, on leave, to Khandalla.
Be keley, Lieut, Bombay 3rd K O Hus ars, to rejoin, to Mhow.
Soaulau, Conductor, Madras Ord Dept, from sick leave, to Mhow.
Campbell, Sub Lieut, Bengal 70th Foot, to join, to Peshawar.
Ottley, Lieut, Bengal R E, from sick leave, to Lahore.

## CENTRAL PROVINCES ORDERS.

(*Central Provinces Gazette*, December 11.)

Mr F Venning, C S, Asst Commr, and Offg Dy Commr, Balaghat, on being relieved by Col J Ashburner, Dy Commr, is directed to proceed to Nagpur and report himself to the Secy to the Chief Commr. Mr F Venning reported his arrival at Nagpur on the 3rd inst.

Six months' special leave, under Sect 15, with the usual subsidiary leave under Sec 18 of the Civil Leave Code, is granted to Mr F Venning, C S, Asst Commr, from the 8th inst, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

The following order, issued by the Brgdr Genl Comdg Nagpur Force, is confirmed by the Chief Commr.

Surg Maj Arnold Smith, M D, attached to the 2nd L C, to assume Medical charge of Brgde Staff, Lock and Cant Hospitals, vice Surg Johnson, M D, attached to the 35th Regt N I, relieved.

Mr W H Macgowan received charge of the Office of the Chief Insr of P O in these Provinces from Mr M Lebreton, Offg Chief Inspr, on the 2nd inst, before noon.

Mr G Thompson, Offg Inspr of Schools, N Circle, availed himself of the ten days' privilege leave granted to him by Notification No 3868, dated 4th ult, on the 1st inst, before noon.

Mr P C Patterson, C S, Asst Commr, received charge of the Jubbulpore Treasury from Mr Nobin Chandra Banerjea, Extra Asst Commr, on the 4th inst, after noon.

## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, December 11.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr D L M Mackay, of H M's Ben C S, reported his arrival at Nagpur, to the Chief Commr of the Central Provinces on the 8th ult.

Mr D W Marsden is permitted to resign H M's Ben C S with effect from the 15th Sept last.

The services of Mr T J Murray, of the Ben C S, are placed at his disposal of the Chief Commr of Assam.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The Rev Edward G Davis, to be Chaplain of Mhow.

The services of the Rev A Ramsay, Chaplain of Lucknow, are placed at the disposal of the Govt of the Punjab.

The Rev W Spencer, D D, to be Chaplain of Lucknow.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT.

The services of Messrs J Nickels and C J Worsley, Asst Supts of the 2nd and 3rd grade, respectively, in the Marine Survey Dept, are placed at the disposal of the Govt of India in the Marine Dept.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Furlough for two years from the 8th Jan 1876, under Sec 7 of Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code, is granted to Mr C R Kiernander, Dy Acct Genl, Punjab.

Extended leave from the 3rd Jan 1876 is also granted to Mr Kiernander.

Mr T H Biggs is appointed to officiate from the date of Mr Kiernander's departure as Dy Acct General, Punjab, as a temporary measure.

Mr C J Hivett-Carnac is appointed to officiate as Asst to the Acct General, Punjab.

Privilege leave for one month and six days, from the 11th Dec 1875, is granted to Capt R S Robinson, R A, Dy Assay Master of the Calcutta Mint.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Capt F H Williams, of the General List, 1st 2nd Wing Subn 37th (The Accetut) Regt of N I is allowed furlough in India on private affairs for two years, with effect from the 1st Dec 1875, or from such date as he may quit the station, under Regs IX and XVII of the Regulations for 1888.

The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs:—

Lt Col William Christopher Thomas, of Inf, Wing Officer, 6th Punjab Inf, Punjab Frontier Force, for one year three months and one day, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Dy Comsy and Hony Capt William Blow Collins, attached to the Brgde-Maj Office, Fort William, having been declared by a Medical Committee to be unfit for further service, is transferred to the Pension Establishment, and, under the provision of G G O No 99 of 1875, granted a invalid pension of Rs. 240 per mensem, with permission to reside and draw his stipend in India.

The under-mentioned Officer is admitted to the Ben S C with effect from the date on which he takes charge, subject to the confirmation of the Rt Honble the Secy of State for India:—

Lt Hogarty Martindale Tempie, of the 2nd Batn 7th Foot, Offg 2nd Wing Subn 37th (The Meerut) Regt of N I, and Asst Commr.

Passed Medical Pupil Manomed Raheem is promoted to the grade of 3rd Class Hospital Asst, with effect from the 20th Nov 1875.

The following Order issued by the Resident at Hyderabad is confirmed:—

Granting Capt F T Goad, 2nd in Command, 5th Infy, Hyderabad Contgt, leave of absence to Bombay for one month from the 17th Nov 1875, or date of departure from Aurungabad, preparatory to obtaining furlough to Europe on medical certificate.

Maj H D Batte, B S C, has been granted extension of leave, without pay, to 7th Jany 1876, and further to remain in England under the terms of G G O No 197 of 1872.

The under-mentioned Officer, who was unemployed on the 1st Aug 1872, having elected to reside out of India, on the terms laid down in para 2 of G G O No 197 of the 1st Aug 1872, is permitted to do so, with effect from the date of his embarkation:—

Lt Col D S Buist, of the Ben S C.

The under-mentioned Officer has reported his departure for Europe on the date specified:—

Lt Col Charles Cecil Brown, of the B I S C, G G O No 1125 of 1875.—29th Nov 1875, from Bombay.

The under-mentioned Officers of the B S C, having completed five years' service as substantive Lieuts, are promoted to the rank of Capt by Brt, from the dates specified, under the operation of the Royal Warrant, dated 16th Jan 1861, Clause 2, subject to H M's approval:—

Lt-Col Arthur Jacob Macan Rainey, Mad S C, 3rd Dec 1875.

Lt-Col William Elliot Marshall, Beng S C, and Lt-Col Francis Henry Haxmer, Beng S C, 9th Dec 1875.

Lt-Col Alexander James Brander, Beng S C; Lt-Col James Michael, M d S C; Lt-Col Frederick John Ellis, Ben S C; Lt-Col John Adam Tytler, C B, V C, Bom S C; Lt-Col Arthur Frederick Hastings, Bom S C; and Lt-Col Frederic James Shebbeare, Ben l S C, 10th Dec 1875.

The under-mentioned officers of the B S C, having completed 20 years' service, are promoted to the rank of Major, from the dates specified, under the provisions of G G O No 908 of the 26th Sept 1868, subject to H M's approval:—

Capt Alston Pitt Alfred Pitt Hugh; Capt Robert Horace Hudleston; Capt Russell Morland Skinner; Capt Richard Thomas Hare; and Capt Frederic Peere Williams Evanson, 7th Dec 1875.

Capt Francis David Millett Brown, V C; Capt William Vesey Fitz-Gerald Jacob; and Capt Robert Wheeler, 8th Dec 1875.

Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentlemen to be Surgs in H M's Indian Military Forces in the Presidency of Bengal. They are accordingly admitted into the service:—

Medical Department—Surgs Robert Davidson Murray, Dennis Wood Deane Comins, Patrick Fenelon O'Conner, James Moran, William Henderson, William Alleson Simmonds, Roderick Mackay, Thomas Alwood Lindesay Bate, and Shibram Borah,—Date of arrival at Bombay, 1 th Nov 1875.

H E the Gov Genl in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Surg W R Browne, M D., of the Mad Madl Dept, to the medical charge vice Surg A F Dobson, M S, resigned.

The services of T G L R Richardson, of the Beng S C, 2nd Sqnad Subn, 18th Regt Cavy, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Hon Govt of the N W P for employment as an extra Aid-de-Camp on H H's Personal Staff, with effect from the 5th inst.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govt Genl in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr H J Price, Offg 1st Officer of the Indian Govt Steamer Nemesis, to be 1st Officer, vice Mr Pryce.

Mr G H Vernon, to be 2nd Officer of the Indian Govt Steamer Tenasserim, to fill an existing vacancy.

Mr E B Wells, 2nd Officer of the Indian Govt Steamer Nemesis, to be 1st Officer, vice Mr Price.

Mr G H Vernon, to be 2nd Officer of the Indian Govt Steamer Tenasserim, to fill an existing vacancy.

Mr R B Stevenson, to be 3rd Officer of the Indian Govt Steamer Tenasserim, to fill an existing vacancy.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Maj W Chrystie, R E, Ex Engr, 1st grade, is promoted permanently to the rank of Supdg Engr 3rd grade, with temporary rank of 2nd grade with effect from 29th Oct 1875, and appointed Sup dg Engr, Buildings and Roads Branch, and Under-Secretary to the Chief Commr of Mysore, in the P W D.

Capt E A Trevor, R E, Controller, P W Accts, is (on return from furlough) appointed Controller of Accounts, N Bengal and Tirhoot State Railways, vice Mr. Moore.

Maj H D Watson, R E, Ex Engr, 1st grade, Hyderabad, is temporarily promoted to Supdg Engr, 3rd grade, and appointed to officiate as Secy to the Resident, with effect from the 7th Aug 1875, vice Col F Alexander, on furlough.

This supersedes P W Dept, Notification No 377 of the 19th Aug 1875 as amended by P W Notification No 449, dated 27th Oct 1875.

Mr A Rickett, Asst Engr, 2nd grade, Military Works Branch, is removed from the P W Dept.

Mr J G Collins, Probatory Accountant, 4th grade, Rajpootana, is confirmed in his appointment.

Mr T G Morett, supervisor, 1st grade Ben Provl Est, is transferred to Brit sh surmah for employment on the Rangoon and Irrawaddie Valley State Railway.

Mr C Twadale, Asst Engr 2nd grade, Rajpootana, is transferred to the N W P Provl Est.

The services of M W Smith, Supdg Engr 1st grade, are replaced at the disposal of the Govt of Ben in the P W D, with effect from the date on which he is relieved by Mr Nethersole availed himself of th subsidiary leave granted to him.

Mr C Hordern, Depy C mmr, Hyderabad Assigned Dists, has been granted leave without allowances for one year under Sec 9, Supplement F, of the Leave Code, with effect from the 1st July 1876, or from such date as he may avail himself of it.

The one year's leave granted in Notification No 119, dated 29th Oct 1875, to Mr C Hordern, Depy Commr, Hyderabad Assigned Dists, will have effect from the 1st Dec next, or such date as he may avail himself of it, instead of from the date therein mentioned.

Surg J A Laing, Offg C Surg, Akola Dist, has been granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of it.

Mr Apothy J V Pitts is appointed to officiate, vice Surg J A Laing, and during his absence will perform all the duties hitherto conducted by the latter officer.

Notification No 55, dated the 15th ult, is hereby cancelled; and in consequence of the deputation of Lt Col Lawrence for active service, and Capt Clive's transfer from Lucknow necessitated thereby, Mr Purdie, Asst Engr, is posted to the Lucknow Division, Military Works.

Privilege leave of absence for a period of two months is granted to Mr J H Rivett, Sub-Engr, attached to the Sangor Div, Military Works, from the 15th Jan 1876.

Mr J P O'Sullivan, Acct, 3rd grade, Office of Examiner of Guaranteed Railway Accounts, Lahore, is granted 3 months' leave on medical certificate, with effect from 5th Oct 1875. This cancels this Office Nouification No 1129, of 15 Oct 1875.

HOLKAR AND NEEMUCH STATE RAILWAYS.

Mr C Swappe, Ex Engr, 4th grade, relieved Mr F B Walker, Ex Engr, 2nd grade, of the charge of the Baragar Division on the forenoon of the 29th Nov 1875. Mr Walker is placed in charge of Survey Division, Neemuch State Railway.

Mr T R Edmondson appointed Acct, 2nd grade on probation, and posted to the Holkar and Neemuch State Railways, as the Govt of India, P W Dept, Notification No 477, dated 22nd Nov 1875, reported himself to the Controller for duty on the forenoon of the 3rd Dec 1875.

Mr C Thompson, Store-keeper, 2nd grade, is granted three months' privilege leave from Dec 6th 1875, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

SINDIA STATE RAILWAY.

With reference to Govt of India, Notification No 486, dated 26th ultimo, Mr G B Reynolds, Asst Engr, 2nd grade, reported his arrival at the Sukkur Division of the Sindia State Railway on the 15th idem, and is temporarily attached to Engr-in-Ch's Office.

The following postings and transfers have been made by the Supdg Engr, Mooltan Dist:—

Mr J Tait, Asst Engr, 2nd grade, from the Sutlej Bridge Division to the Bhawulpore Division.

Mr J Hawkes, Asst Engr, 1st grade, from the Bhawulpore to the Khanpur Div.

Mr B A Maine, Supervisor, 1st grade, from the Sutlej Bridge to the Bhawulpore Div.

Mr H C Knox, Asst Engr, 2nd grade, to the Sutlej Bridge Div.

The following transfers have been made by the Supdg Engr, Lower Sindh Dist:—

Mr J H DeBlenzie, Asst Engr, 1st grade, from the Mehur to the Kotree Div.

Mr H Fitzjames, R E, Asst Engr, 1st grade, from the Schwan to the Mehur Div.

Sergt H Mathews, Supervisor, 2nd grade, from the Kotree to the Sindhu Div.

Mr T Nelson, temporary Overseer, 1st grade, from the Kotree to the Mehur Div.

Baboo Monmohun Chunder Mookerjee, Overseer, 1st grade, from the Mehur to the Kotree Div.

## POSTAL NOTICES.

### DEPARTURE OF OCEAN MAILS.

| | Date. | Mail closes. | After packet. |
|---|---|---|---|
| United Kingdom | Dec. 20 | 3-30 P.M. | 4-30 P.M. |
| Currachee | ,, 17 | 11 A.M. | 12 A.M. |
| Persian Gulf via Kurrachee | ,, 17 | 11 A.M. | 12 A.M. |
| Australia | ,, 26 | 3 P.M. | No after packet. |
| China | ,, 28 | 6 P.M. | |
| Mauritius and Reunion | ,, 30 | 3-30 P.M. | 4 P.M. |
| Zanzibar, &c. | ,, 20 | 3-30 P.M. | 4-30 P.M. |

### OVERLAND MAIL.

In supersession of this Office Notice of the 10th May last, it is notified that, as on and after the 4th October next till further notice, the Overland Mail Steamers of the P. and O. S. N. Company will leave Bombay every *Monday* soon after 7 P.M., the following revised arrangements in the hours for closing Mails will come into operation from the said date:—

Letters will be received at the General Post Office up to 5-30 P.M.

Newspapers, Books, and Patterns up to 3 P.M.

Registered Letters up to 2 P.M.

Registered Letters, if fully prepaid together with an extra fee of 2 annas each, will be received at the General Post Office between 2 and 4 P.M.

Late letters, if fully pre-paid by means of stamps in respect both of postage and of the late letter fee (2 annas each), will be received at the Wellington Pier Post Office from 5 30 to 6 30 P.M.

The latest hour for posting Overland Covers at the several Branch Post Offices will be 3-30 P.M., and registered at 1 P.M.

Fully pre-paid letters will be received on board the Overland Mail Steamer after 5 P.M., and up to starting time (7 P.M.) by the payment of an additional fee of 8 annas. All others will be refused.

The Overland Mail Steamers will leave Bombay as under:—

| | T P.M. | | T P.M. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Monday | Dec 20 | Monday | Dec. 27 |
| ,, | | ,, | Jan. 3 |

POSTAGE BY THE BRINDISI ROUTE.

The Postage rates chargeable on Correspondence forwarded via Brindisi, to the United Kingdom, or places served through the United Kingdom, are as follows:—

For the United Kingdom.

Each Letter per ½ ounce—annas 8.
Each Newspaper per 4 ounces—annas 2.
Each Book or Pattern Packet not exceeding one ounce—1 anna and 4 pies; not exceeding 2 ounces—annas 2, 8 pies; not exceeding 4 ounces—annas 4, 8 pies; every additional 4 ounces—annas 4, 8pies.

The full prepayment of Correspondence forwarded via Brindisi is optional, and all covers not fully prepaid will, unless specially marked by the senders for transmission by any other route and conformintions conditions, be forwarded via Southampton.

The postage chargeable on letters sent to the countries mentioned below through *Trieste* is as follows:—

| | Present Rates per ½ oz. | Revised Rates per ½ oz. |
|---|---|---|
| | Annas Pies. | Annas Pies. |
| Austria, Luxemburg, German States, Austrian Post Offices in Turkey | 8 8 | 8 0 |
| Belgium, Denmark, Netherlands, Switzerland, Moldavia, Wallachia, Servia | 9 4 | 9 0 |

## CHINA MAILS.

China Mail Steamers will leave Bombay as follows:—

Tuesday ..... 4 P.M. ..... Dec. 28

## QUEENSLAND VIA SINGAPORE.

Tuesday ..... Dec. 28

## AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

Saturday ..... Dec. 25

In accordance with the above, Mails for Ceylon, Penang, Singapore, Hongkong, and the Australian Colonies will be closed at the General Post Office at 3 P.M.

Registered Letters will be received until 1 P.M. on the above date.

## PERSIAN GULF MAILS.

The Mail Service by the Contract Steamers of the British India Steam Navigation Company between Bombay and the Persian Gulf is now weekly, but as the steamers touch at Gundor, Muscat, and Jask, on every alternate voyage only, the Mails for these ports are despatched fortnightly.

A Mail will be despatched on every *Friday*.

## TO CALCUTTA.

*Touching at the several Coast Stations.*

Mails to Calcutta, and for the several Coast Stations, below Carwar per B. I. S. N. Company's Contract Steamers, will be despatched from Bombay on every Saturday.

On every Tuesday, until further notice, an extra Steamer, of the B I S N Company, is despatched to Karwar, touching at the intermediate Ports. Mails for Ratnagiri, Malwan, Vingorla, Goa, and Karwar are made up for that opportunity.

Registered and ordinary Letters, as well as Book and Sample Packets and Parcels, can be posted up to 11 A.M. at the G. P. O., and late fee letters and packets up to 1-30 on the day of departure of the Steamer, as above shown.

The latest hour for posting at Branch Post Offices is 10-30 A.M.

# DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES, THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BIRTH.

LAW.—November 29th, at Moulmein, the wife of Chas. W. Law Esq., Barrister-at Law and Public Prosecutor, of a son.

DEATHS.

LOCKWOOD.—December 5th, at Sowrah, Charles Edward, son of E. D. Lockwood, Esq., C. S., of Monghyr—aged 2 years and 4 months.

RUDDELL.—December 8th, at Lucknow, of diphtheria, Arthur Charles (Jackie), the dearly beloved son of Lieutenant-Colonel Ruddell, 25th The King's Own Borderers.


## HONKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

THE PUBLIC are CAUTIONED NOT to CASH the undermentioned Currency Notes of Rs. 1,000 each belongine to this Corporation:—C—90 46656, 52637, 49337, 53609, 52513, 50384, 51175, 54378, 50385, 11305, 08312, 46275, 51951, 08804, 48491, 48103, 53117, 51391, 42895, 52232.

J. CHALMERS,
Manager.

Bombay, 15th Dec. 1875.

All Money Orders, Cheques, and other Remittance sent to this office, should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."



# The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1875.


It is not every one who feels disposed to borrow half a million of money merely for the sake of establishing his credit. The individual who would do so must be something of the same type as the wily gentleman, depicted by Leech, who sent to the Chancellor of the Exchequer a £5 note in payment of unclaimed income tax. And yet we have lately had such an individual among us. The able Minister of the Nizam took the world by surprise some six months back by successfully negociating a loan for the sum we have named, at the modest interest, circumstances considered, of 6 per cent. per annum. Since this occurred some slight misfortunes have befallen the holders of Turkish bonds, and some strange revelations have been made in connexion with "Peru the Penniless" and certain neighbouring Republics and their guano contracts. The British public, as usual, is very ready to shrink from the fire which has already burnt it, and all Foreign Loans are now viewed with such distrust that we very much question whether the Nizam would have got what he wanted had he come into the market in November instead of in May. And yet the security offered was sufficiently tempting to induce the English branch of a well-known Bombay firm to allow themselves to be styled, *inter alia*, "agents to the Nizam's Railway Company." The firm in question were kind enough to float the Loan, and the immediate result was an eager rush of Anglo-Indians of more or less influence, headed by an ex-Governor-General, all treading on one another's heels in their anxiety to lend their hard-earned savings to the Hyderabad Government. Now, we would not for a moment alarm these good folks about the safety of the said half million, or the interest thereon. They provided indeed that a certain proportion of it should be left in England, where it may possibly be invested at 4 per cent., the Nizam losing the difference, but the old saying of the heart following the treasure will probably prove as true in their instance as it has before.

And this knowledge of human nature must have been one of the motives which influenced the master-mind of Sir Salar Jung when the idea of the Loan was first suggested to him by some versatile, and disinterested, financier. That he did not borrow the money for the reason which generally actuates borrowers—namely, a want of the needful, may be inferred from the fact that it has been allowed to lie idle four or five months in Bombay, during which interval Hyderabad sowcars have from time to time advanced a few lakhs, in anticipation of revenue, at 9 per cent. One of the local papers proudly announced the other day that the first half year's interest had been despatched by a recent mail. This would be only £15,000, a trifle doubtless to the capitalists of the Deccan, but still it is quite enough to pay for the privilege of allowing some bar silver to be stored up in the intelligent Baboos there will doubtless make as good use of their privileges as the rate-payers of Bombay have done. The result of these struggles in Calcutta is not without interest; we have gone through them in Bombay before Calcutta seems to have thought of entering upon them. The following extract from the memorial of the citizens of Calcutta, which it is proposed should be presented to the Lieutenant Governor, points out where the shoe pinches. The evils the memorialists complain of, they say "they attribute to the practical "irresponsibility of the administration and "executive, and to the lax system of expendi-"ture, which has prevailed in the absence of "proper constitutional control. That this "expenditure has been acknowledged in many "instances to have been at least irregular, that "the accounts have been unsatisfactory and mis-"leading, that the systems of contract and "purchase is believed to have been wasteful, if "not illegal; and the executive working of the "Municipality not such as to possess the confi-"dence of the rate-payers."

The ratepayers of Calcutta have been lately engaged in doing what the rate-payers in Bombay contrived to accomplish a few years ago with some definite result; they have been discussing their grievances. A great meeting of the ratepayers of Calcutta has been called by the Sheriff, who, in compliance with a requisition signed by more than seven hundred of the residents of Calcutta, fixed Saturday afternoon last for the meeting to take place. For some time past exciting meetings of the Justices have been held, during which the state of the Municipal finances has given occasion for the free expression of opinion upon the constitution of the Municipality. The indignation of the Justices found vent in getting rid of the Vice-Chairman, a Baboo who had held that lucrative office for some years, and against whom some irregularities in the treatment of certain financial proceedings had been proved. In the appointing of a successor the indignation of the Justices was again aroused, mainly because the Justices wished to appoint the most popular man in Calcutta, Mr. Roberts, whom Mr. Hogg, the Chairman of the Municipality and Commissioner of Police as well, the two offices being held by one incumbent in Calcutta, declined to accept as his Vice-Chairman, there being between those two gentlemen, undeniably as far as Mr. Hogg is concerned, a most irreconcileable antipathy. When the time for election came on Mr. Hogg managed to secure a majority for his candidate and Mr. Roberts was rejected. Now the Justices and ratepayers are all thoroughly aroused, and the discussion at the meeting on Saturday will show what the feeling of the rate-payers of Calcutta is upon their Municipal affairs.

The chief grievance that the Justices have so often complained of is the union of the two offices of Chairman of the Municipality and Commissioner of Police; but for the separation of these two they have hitherto appealed in vain. Independently of the complications which this union creates Mr. Hogg has himself been a grievance, for he has always shown a very strong desire to be master of the situation and has, moreover, usually succeeded in having almost despotic power in all Municipal matters. Mr. Hogg is, in fact, an Arthur Crawford without the original capacity and the personal influence which make Mr. Crawford a popular man in Bombay to the present day, in spite of his administrative extravagance. The ratepayers appear to have become tired of this sort of thing, and they now pray that an elective system of representation may be introduced, so that they may have some control over the expenditure of their money and affairs in general. In the discussions over the New Municipal Bill now passing through the Bengal Legislative Council, Sir R. Temple said that the local Government was ready to accord a reasonable amount of self-government to the Municipality. There may, therefore, be introduced into the Municipality of Calcutta the principle of representation, nor need the Government of Bengal be fearful on this matter, for they have before them the example of Bombay; and if Calcutta be entitled to claim the position of being the capital city, the intelligent Baboos there will doubtless make as good use of their privileges as the rate-payers of Bombay have done. The result of these struggles in Calcutta is not without interest; we have gone through them in Bombay before Calcutta seems to have thought of entering upon them. The following extract from the memorial of the citizens of Calcutta, which it is proposed should be presented to the Lieutenant Governor, points out where the shoe pinches. The evils the memorialists complain of, they say "they attribute to the practical "irresponsibility of the administration and "executive, and to the lax system of expendi-"ture, which has

# SPECIAL TELEGRAMS FOR THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

[FROM OUR ALLAHABAD CORRESPONDENT.]

## THE PRESIDENCY BANKS.

CALCUTTA, 14TH DEC.

Sir William Muir introduced a Bill for constituting the Presidency Banks. He said that the Bill originated in the decision of the Secretary of State upon considering the report of the Bombay Commission to sever the connection of Government with the management of the Banks. The Bill, which is much more elaborate than the present Acts, is based upon a draft prepared for the Bombay Bank in 1872.

The capital of the Bengal Bank is to be reduced to two crores by cancellation of Government shares. The Madras capital is to be reduced to about fifty lakhs. The shares of all the Banks are to be Rs. 500 each.

The Banks may advance upon goods of all kinds and may traffic in Guaranteed Railway shares and Municipal Securities. The past services of the Banks, especially of the Bengal Bank, to Government and the public were acknowledged.

Mr. Bullen Smith approved of the Bill and acquiesced in the separation between Government and the Banks.

Raja Narendra Krishna expressed apprehension of loss of public confidence in the Banks from the Government taking no part in the direction.

## EARTHQUAKE IN THE PUNJAB.

LAHORE, 14TH DEC.

An unusually severe earthquake occurred early on Sunday morning last. It is reported that it has caused considerable damage to public buildings on the frontier. Nowshera cantonment particularly suffered.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

## TURKISH REFORMS.

LONDON, 14TH DEC.

The reforms in Turkey which have been proposed by Russia, Austria and Germany recommend perfect legal equality between Christians and Musculmans.

## THE CHINESE MISSION.

The Chinese Mission to England has been postponed until next Summer.

## OBITUARY.

Admiral William Houston Steward, C.B.

## THE MAILS.

LONDON, 13th DEC,

The Bombay Mails of the 22nd ultimo were delivered in London to-day.

LONDON, 13TH DEC., APT.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats firm.

The London Cotton Market has been firmer.

Fair Dhollera 4 11/16d.

3 per cent. Consols for Account..... 94

5 per cent. French Rente, 1872..... 103¾

The sum of £50,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England, destination unknown.

Departure for Bombay via Suez Canal.—Trincris.

## STEAMER REPORTS.

GALLE, 14TH DEC, 2-12 P.M.

French Mail Steamer Hoogly, from China, arrived.

TRINCOMALEE, 14TH DEC, 12-56 P.M.

H.M.S. Serapis sailed for Madras yesterday evening.

THERE is a native rumour prevalent at Umritsur that Mr. J. W. Smyth is to be appointed to officiate as Judge of the Chief Court, *vice* Mr. Justice Campbell on leave, the correctness of which may be doubted, inasmuch as we have been informed, says the Lahore paper, that the Government did not intend filling up the temporary vacancy as the time during which Mr. Campbell will be absent will be short.

A NEW department is being created in connection with the Calcutta police—viz., that of a "Political Department." The duties of the officers connected with this department are, the Lahore paper says, to be the furnishing of every new arrival from Cabul, Peshawur, and other up-country stations by the several railway trains which come into Calcutta from the North-Western Provinces.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Viceroy and Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments on His Excellency's personal staff, as a temporary arrangement, with effect from the 1st December 1875:—To be extra Aides-de-Camp to the Viceroy—Major J. Upperton, of the Bengal Staff Corps, 2nd in Command and Squadron Officer, 16th Bengal Cavalry; Lieutenant Lord W. L. De la Poer Beresford, of Her Majesty's 8th Lancers, and Lieutenant H. I. Hardy of the 4th Battalion Rifle Brigade.

THE *Friend of India* :—The jute trade is looking up. Within the last few days large orders have come forward from America: New York alone requires 2,000,000 gunny bags, and San Francisco 500,000. The mills have consequently not a bag left to dispose of and are again in full work. Shareholders are rejoicing over this improvement, and the prospect of future good dividends. They should not forget that they have in a great measure to thank Mr. Plimsoll for it. The present demand for bags is largely due to the prohibition, consequent on his exertions, of the stowage of grain on board ship in bulk.

THE *Gazette of India* of Saturday last announces that a special committee, composed as under, will assemble at Delhi on the 1st January, for a purpose which will be communicated hereafter to the President by the Military Department:—President—Major-General D. M. Stewart, C.B., Bengal Staff Corps. Members—Brigadier-General Sir C. H. Brownlow, K.C.B., Bengal Staff Corps; Colonel H. H. A. Wood, C.B., Bombay Staff Corps; Colonel E. J. Lawder, Madras Staff Corps; Colonel G. C. Hawkins, Bengal Staff Corps; Lieutenant-Colonel J. Fairbrother, Bombay Staff Corps; Lieutenant-Colonel T. Dyer, Madras Staff Corps.

THE *Friend of India* :—We extract the following from the *Indian Mirror* :—

Q.—Is the action of the British Government adverse to the spread of the Brahmo movement?

A.—No, rather favourable. All State colleges and schools are disabusing the minds of native youth of idolatry and prejudices, and indirectly leading them into the Brahmo Somaj. These institutions are most helpful to the destruction of popular superstition and the progress of the Brahmo cause.

Our contemporary further observes that all educated natives who have any regard for religion and have not embraced Christianity, are Brahmos at heart, whether they take the name or not. These statements are worth noting. The Christian community is, we think, inclined to look upon the Brahmo movement as of less importance than a few years ago. Perhaps this is a mistake.

THE *Friend of India* thinks there is no excuse whatever to be pleaded for allowing a project of the nature of the Ahmedabad to Ajmere railway to be indefinitely postponed. "Were the country without credit altogether, and the money therefore not procurable, the action of the Government could be explained; but with a higher credit than any nation in the world, except that of England, it is wholly unpardonable to let projects like this remain unexecuted for years. We hold the Government to be hopelessly wrong in its views on the matter. Its course is simply one of cowardice, while we cloak it under the name of statesmanship. Heavy as our expenditure has been upon our main lines of railway, the country is indefinitely richer with them in spite of the debt, than it would have been without them, while the very men who will admit this frankly, have not the courage of their convictions."

ALLUDING to the foreign debts of Japan and to the frequent discussions to which they have given rise in respect to their payment, the *Hochi Shimbun* tells us that it is said the Government has come to a decision to pay them off in this manner: After having ascertained the price obtainable abroad for goods of Japanese manufacture, (and, it is to be presumed, being satisfied that they afford a fair margin of remuneration), the Government will make advances to the manufacturers of such wares upon security, and employ the clear interest so gained in extinguishing their debt to the foreign creditor. We venture to predict a short life for this latest financial emanation, remarks the *Japan Mail* whence the above extract is taken, can it be the Parthian shot from a departing "long bow"?

THE *Pioneer* :—The idea of Keshub Chunder Sen, that natives should have a kind of club in Calcutta, will doubtless be realised. His plans for an Albert Hall or Institute are not very definite as yet; but about the want which he wishes to supply, there can be very little uncertainty. Last year Sir William Muir pointed out to the leading natives of Calcutta that there was no public place where they could consult vernacular literature, either standard or periodical. There is no reading-room and no library of reference. The idea of a reading room has been slightly enlarged, and the Baboo wishes for some institution, where not only vernacular literature might be enjoyed, but which should also include a hall for lectures, soirees, and literary or musical reunions. He has a further scheme for adding rooms to the institute,—or perhaps it is better to call it a club at once,—so that natives coming from all parts of India may find temporary accommodation. The Baboo is hopeful that these many purposes may be united; and when Sir Richard Temple is likely to become the patron, and men like the Maharajahs Jeypore and Holkar are willing, as we believe they are, to give their help, there is every chance of the scheme being carried out.

THE undermentioned specifications of inventions have been filed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Home Department:—

Mr. R. H. Collyer, of 21, Cockspur Street, Charing Cross, in the County of Middlesex, for improvements in machinery for the treatment of rhea, ramie or china grass, applicable also to jute and other fibrous materials.

Mr. John Edward Campbell Koch, of Tunbridge, England, for an improvement applicable to imitation or false neckties.

Mr. H. Bull, Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, Military Works, Agra, for portable brick barrels or piping.

Mr. William Blackburn Turner of Sheogaum, in the West Berar Division of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, Engineer, for fastening the bands or hoops round bales of cotton, hides and other produce, and called Turner's patent buckle fastening for hooping bales.

Mr. Alexander Cruickshank, of Heeleakal Factory, Jorehaut, Assam, Tea Planter, for a tea leaf rolling machine.

Mr. Robert Wilson, of Patricroft, in the County of Lancaster, Engineer, for improvements in hydraulic presses, and in apparatus connected therewith.

Mr. Leedham Binns, of the Town of Oakenshaw, near Bradford, in the County of York, England, manufacturer, for improvements in the manufacture of bands, cords or ropes, and in machinery or apparatus to be employed therein.

Mr. Frederick Dixon, of Southgate Road, Islington, London, England, for an improved artificial fuel.

Mr. William Van Vleck-Lidgerwood Morriston, New Jersey, United States of America, merchant and manufacturer, for improvements in coffee pulping machines.

THE Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce reports of the state of the seasons and prospects of the crops for the week ending the 9th December 1875, that in Madras good rain has fallen in the southern districts, and moderate showers in the northern. In Bombay there have been light showers in the Deccan: the harvest continues and prospects are fair. More or less rain has fallen in several districts of the Central Provinces, and the rabi crops have been benefited thereby. No rain is reported from Berar or Central India, but in Rajpootana there have been good falls at Jeypoor and Ajmere, and slight showers in Marwar. In Bengal only very slight showers are reported from Jalpaiguri, Chumparun and Midnapore, but in several other districts clouds promise a fall. No change is announced in the prospects of the crops. In the North-Western Provinces there has been a good fall of rain at Agra, and lighter falls in Hamirpur, Banda, Jhansi and Bareilly: prospects are excellent. Light showers are said to have fallen in most districts in Oudh, and to have been beneficial. In the Punjab heavy rain has fallen at Rawal Pindi and Peshawar, and showers at Umballa, Dera Ismail Khan and Jullundur: prospects are good. In Mysore no rain has fallen, and the prospects of the crops continue unimproved. Reports from Burmah are good. No report has been received from Assam.

THE *Penang Gazette* of Nov. 25th contains the following report of a most remarkable and fatal accident which occurred at the Penang Water Works on Friday, the 19th Nov.:—"An accident of an extraordinary and most unprecedented nature, attended with fatal results, cut off the whole water supply of Penang on the evening of Friday last. Three of the engineers of s. s. Paraguay, then in the harbour, went up to view the waterfalls; on reaching the basin at the foot of the falls, from whence the main water pipe leads off, they found three Chinamen bathing in it, this apparently stimulated the fourth engineer, George Lindsay, to bathe also, so he divested himself of his clothing and plunged in; after swimming about for some time he got astride the neck of the water pipe, and whilst resting himself lost his balance, fell backwards into the water and so completely closed the entrance to the pipe with his body that it was doubled up and drawn right in, his feet being uppermost and out of the water. His two friend, who were standing by, seeing him struggling immediately went to his rescue, and along with the three Chinamen did all that lay in their power to extricate the unfortunate man; but they could not move him; eight men more were subsequently fetched from the Alexandra Hotel, and the united exertions of the whole party were equally unavailing in extricating the then dead body from the mouth of the pipe, and it was not till next morning, when a municipal overseer, who on being informed of the accident went up to the fall, that the corpse was taken out."

THERE is undoubtedly a vast difference, the *Daily Telegraph* thinks, between Mr. John Ruskin, the author of "Fors Clavigera," and Mrs. Girling, the head of Rose Neuk Shakers, but on one point the gentleman seems disposed to accept the doctrine, if not to follow the practices, of the lady. Mrs. Girling has elevated dancing to what it seems to have been in the days of David, and what it still is in some parts of the "changeless East"—a religious exercise. With her dancing is a manifestation of the Divinity, and the highest proof of spiritual life. Mr. Ruskin does not go so far, but he holds not only that the terpsichorean art is a primal instrument of education, but also that, under certain conditions, it would become "the karoldance of Christmas evermore." We are not sure that we quite comprehend the nature of the blessing thus described, but it must be something very good, and the question naturally arises, what are the conditions? Mr. Ruskin, first of all, points out that both dancing and music can be made licentious, in which case "the dance becomes death's, and the music—a shriek of death by strychnine." But opposite results ensue when "Miriam and David, and the virgins of Israel," have the ordering of these arts, wherefore he calls upon all young ladies with aspirations after the highest good of humanity to take the work in hand, addressing them as "virgins of Israel, or England, richly clad by our kings, and 'rejoicing in the dance.'" It would appear that Mr. Ruskin is most anxious for the new reformation to begin in Sunday schools, where the catechism receives too exclusive attention. "At present," he observes, addressing the virgins aforesaid, "you keep the dancing to yourselves, and graciously teach *them* the catechism. Suppose you were to try for a little while learning the catechism yourselves and teaching them—to dance?" Are we to understand from this that neither the catechism nor dancing is good alone—that a knowledge of one's duty towards one's neighbour and of the Ten Commandments requires to be supplemented by proficiency in quadrille figures, and *vice versa*? However this may be, Mr. Ruskin's idea has the charm of novelty, and we commend it to the next meeting of the Sunday School Union, who may not, perhaps, see their way to adopting it, but possibly would recognise another form of the demand for "sweetness and light" as a set-off against the hard and sordid conditions of modern existence.

THE *Madras Mail* describes the present to the Prince of Wales which the Madras Bible Society intend to give His Royal Highness during his stay in Madras. The present consists of five Bibles—a Canarese Bible, a Tamil Bible, a Hindoostanee Testament, a Teloogoo and a Malayalum Bible. The first of the five books was printed for the Society by the Bangalore Wesleyan Mission Press, the three following by the Madras C. K. S. Press, and the last by the Cottayam Mission Press. The books are full bound in green, purple, maroon, crimson and blue-black Russian leather, and are ornamented with gilt lettering and plates on both sides. The front of each volume bears in gold letters the inscription, "Presented to H. R. H. the Prince of Wales by the Madras Auxiliary Bible Society. December 1875." The Canarese, Tamil, Teloogoo and Malayalum volumes are remarkably good specimens of vernacular typography, but we cannot speak in quite as eulogistic terms of the Hindoostanee Testament, which is printed on thin paper, not without blemishes, and the characters look worn. We observe that the Hindoostanee volume was published as far back as 1867, which probably accounts for the lack of freshness in the appearance of the book. The binding of the books is very creditable to the Lawrence Asylum Press, and points to Madras having achieved a high position in a branch of art, which has peculiar attractions for the neat-handed Hindoo. The Society have enclosed with the books a copy of their last report for 1874, being the fifty-fifth year of their existence; from which the Prince may learn that from the year 1820 to the year 1874 inclusive 147,358 Scriptures were issued and sold in the English and other European languages and 2,338 946 in the native languages, or a total of 2,486,304 issues; that the circulation of entire Bibles and Testaments rose from 967 and 1,512 in 1873 to 1108 and 2,413 respectively in 1874; and that during the latter year the Society's agents visited villages and "village towns" on 11,157 occasions, travelled 65,157 miles, and made 223,393 house-to-house visitations. The presentation volumes are enclosed in a rosewood case blue velvet lined, supplied with a Chubb's silver lock and key, silver handles and hinges and a diamond shaped plate of silver on the lid, having a representation in relief of the Prince's crown, plumes, motto and garter, with a suitable inscription engraved beneath in old English and scrip characters.

# BOMBAY.

GAMBLERS.—Nowla Lukha and three others were yesterday convicted by Mr. C. P. Cooper, of gaming with dice and money in a public place. Two of the delinquents were fined Rs. 6 each, and the other two Rs. 3 each.

CARRYING EXCESS PASSENGERS.—Narayen Bhimjee, a shigram driver, was yesterday fined Rs. 5 by Mr. Nana Morojee, at the Girgaum Police Court, for carrying a greater number of passengers in his conveyance than it is licensed to do.

THE HOUSE OF CORRECTION.—The Honourable the Governor in Council has been pleased to appoint Mr. Charles Mapp Acting Superintendent of H. M.'s House of Correction and Acting Governor, Government Workhouse, during the absence of Captain W. P. Walshe, or until further orders.

ASSAULT.—Yesterday at the Fort Police Court, one Gool Mahomed Meer Allum Khan was fined Rs. 5 by Mr. C. P. Cooper, for assaulting on that day Parshotum Khimjee, a dealer in grain, at Nagpada. The defendant was, moreover, bound over in the sum of Rs. 30 to keep the peace.

SUNKERSETT CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total attendance of patients treated in this dispensary during the last month was 2,467; of these there were 818 new admissions, consisting of 281 Hindoos, 423 Musculmans, 98 Parsees, 15 Christians, and 1 of other caste. The daily average attendance was 82·23.

THEFT BY A DOMESTIC SERVANT.—A Hindoo, named Narron Mugjee, appeared before Mr. Nana Morojee, at the Girgaum Police Court, and obtained a warrant for the arrest of one Dulloo Nanabhoy, his servant, whom he charged with theft of gold and silver ornaments and cash of the collective value of Rs. 124, alleged to have been stolen on the 12th instant, on which date accused absconded.

BOMBAY NATIVE DISPENSARY.—The total attendance of new patients treated during the last month at the head branch of this institution at Dhobie Talao was 1,635; of these there were 839 Parsees, 444 Hindoos, 273 Musculmans, 53 Christians, and 26 of other castes. The daily average attendance was 195·37. The prevalent diseases were intermittent fever, diarrhœa and bronchitis in adults; bronchitis and diarrhœa in children.

THEFTS.—The following cases of thefts were disposed of yesterday by Mr. Nana Morojee, at the Girgaum Police Court. A Mahomedan, named Bapoo Mahomedbux, was convicted of stealing a sheet belonging to one Meerally Goorove, and was sentenced to two months' hard labour in the House of Correction.—Essoo Heerajee was convicted of stealing three pieces of wearing apparel, the property of one Peeroochund, and being an old offender, was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment in the House of Correction.

EMBARKATION OF TROOPS.—Sixteen officers, six ladies, three hundred and thirty-one men, thirty-seven women, and eighty-one children of H. M.'s 18th Hussars, arrived from Poona on Monday afternoon at the Carnac Bunder by train, and from thence embarked on board the troop-ship Jumna. At the same time seven officers, five hundred and forty-two men, sixty-two women and one hundred and fifty-four children, who were invalids and time-expired men, arrived from Deolalee and embarked on board the same troop-ship.

DAMAUN.—We learn from Damaun that the present Governor, Viscond de Villa Nova De Ourem, is about to retire from the service and to be succeeded by Signor Daniell Pestaninho. An examination of interpreters is to be held on the 20th instant by a committee composed of Dr. Philipinho, Mr. Cunha, (the Advocate-General of the place) and Mr. Sorabjee Maneckjee Cowasjee Damaunwalla. There is only one candidate for the post, and on his passing the requisite examination, he will be appointed Guzerattee interpreter to the Judge, the present incumbent acting as Guzerattee and Portuguese translator and interpreter both to His Excellency the Governor and the Judge.

THE HOUSE OF CORRECTION.—Mr. Mapp, the Deputy Superintendent of the House of Correction, writes as follows with reference to a paragraph which lately appeared in our columns:—In a recent issue you have an article about H. M.'s House of Correction, which I flatly contradict as being totally incorrect from beginning to end. The Duke of Sutherland *did not* visit the House of Correction during his sojourn in Bombay, and so that could not have been that "*very instructive sight of a number of prisoners gambling for their batta money*," as prisoners in this Jail are not allowed batta money, neither are they allowed to gamble in any shape or form, neither are prisoners sent from this to the J. J. Hospital. While on this subject I would inform you, and which I trust you will contradict, that Captain W. P. Walshe, Duckworth *did* visit the Jail on behalf of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and on leaving expressed himself very highly pleased with all he saw and especially so with the cleanliness and discipline which he observed was maintained in all departments of this institution. I trust you will publish the above and contradict that objectionable article in your yesterday's issue.

THE ARCHBISHOP OF GOA.—On Monday last, his Grace the Archbishop of Ga, Primate of the East paid a visit to the Church of N. S. de Saude at Cavel, subject to his jurisdiction. The Church was magnificently decorated, and triumphal arches were erected for the occasion from the entrance of Cavel Street inwards. One of the arches, constructed in imitation of those put up for the reception of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales bore the inscription "Bemvindo seja o nosso Prelado," (Welcome be our Prelate.) His Grace arrived at seven and half A. M. and was received by respectful and prabhisoot with all the honours due to his rank. After divine service his Grace was conducted to the parochial house of the Church, where a congratulatory address was read to him, to which he replied in suitable terms. His Grace then returned to Colaba at about 11 A. M. Preparations on a grand scale are being made, we understand, to give a reception to his Grace on the Church of St. Francis Xavier at Dabool. The Goanese have been so enthusiastically following his Grace wherever he has appeared publicly, that in point of numbers, enthusiasm and splendour, the reception on Sunday evening next is expected to be unequalled by any that has been already given to the Archbishop in Bombay.

LORD MARK KERR.—Lord Mark Kerr will leave Poona for Delhi on Monday next, and will return after staying there for a week.—*Poona Observer*, Dec. 14.

THE 3RD HUSSARS.—The Squadron of Her Majesty's 3rd Hussars, which arrived at Kirkee under the command of Captain Walker, left yesterday for Mhow. The E-4th Royal Artillery, which is destined for Neemuch, have also left Kirkee yesterday *en route* to Neemuch. Both of these troops were yesterday encamped at the village of Lonee on the Ahmednuggur road, to-day they will march on to Condapoor.—*Id.*

THE TROOPS OF POONA AND KIRKEE.—Under instructions from Army Head-Quarters, the troops in Poona and Kirkee will act one portion against the other on Wednesday morning, the 15th instant, under the orders of the Commander-in-Chief. The Division will be out on Friday morning, the 17th instant, and will act against a skeleton enemy composed of 3 guns and Sappers and Miners. The Commander-in-Chief will command the Division on this occasion. On Saturday morning, the 18th, the whole of the troops at Poona and Kirkee will parade and march past on the General Parade Ground.—*Id.*

## FORGING A CHEQUE FOR RS. 25,000 ON THE NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA.

YESTERDAY at the Fort Police Court, before Mr. P. RYAN, the following information was laid by Mr. Pestonjee Hormusjee, an assistant cashier of the National Bank of India:—Pestonjee Hormusjee said—I am an assistant cashier in the National Bank of India I produce a cheque No. 121, dated the 12th instant, making payable to Thackursee Mooljee the sum of Rs. 25,000, and bearing the signature "per procuration Gaddum and Co. O. Fiedler." This cheque (produced in court) was presented to me at about half past 11 o'clock this morning by a Parsee whom I know by sight, but whose name I do not know. When he presented the cheque he told me his name was Dorabjee Shapoorjee, and he signed that name in English on the back of the cheque. I paid into his hand the amount of the cheque,—namely, twenty currency notes of Rs. 1,000 each, and fifty currency notes of Rs. 100 each. On receiving this payment he left. About an hour afterwards, a Hindoo clerk named Keshrinath Ramchunder came to me at the Bank and told me that a cheque was missing from the cheque book of Messrs Gaddum and Co. I referred him to the ledger keeper, who came to me when I showed Keshrinath the cheque for Rs. 25,000 paid by me to the person calling himself Dorabjee Shapoorjee. Keshrinath then left and returned with one Fakeerjee Muncherjee, a cashier in the firm of Messrs. Gaddum and Co., who informed me that the signature to the aforesaid cheque for Rs. 25,000 was a forgery. I proceeded to Messrs. Gaddum and Co.'s office, and there saw Mr. Theodler, to whom I showed the cheque. On examination of it, he declared the the signature to it "per procuration Gaddum and Co., O. Fiedler," was a forgery. I accordingly charge the person calling himself Dorabjee Shapoorjee with using as genuine a forged document knowing it to be forged, and pray that a warrant may be issued for his apprehension, and that he may be dealt with according to law.

His Worship granted the warrant prayed for. Soon after the warrant was granted, Mr. Cleveland, accompanied by some of the partners of the firm of Messrs. Gaddum and Company, appeared and requested the Magistrate to be allowed to examine the forged signature on the cheque. On the cheque was shewn to him, the cheque was immediately returned and retained by the Court.

In the course of the afternoon, the accused named Dorabjee Shapoorjee was arrested at Dhobie Talao by Mr. Inspector Framjee, but no money was found on his person. Further enquiries are being instituted as to the manner in which he had disposed of the money. Another Parsee was also arrested by the Police soon after, and the enquiry is being prosecuted with much energy and vigilance by the Police.

# HIGH COURT DECREES.—DEC. 14.

At the High Court yesterday, the following short causes were heard before Mr. Justice Green:—

GOSWAMI GIRDHARBEEJEE MAHARAJ V. DAVIDAS PURSHO SUNDAS.

Mr. Kirkpatrick, instructed by Messrs Crawford and Bogvey for the plaintiff, asked that the case be postponed until the first short cause day after the vacation—namely, the 11th January 1876, as negotiations for a settlement were going on between the parties. There was no appearance for the defendant, and the application was granted.

CUMROODIN TYABJEE AND ANOTHER V. CHINTOBA PURSHOTUM.

Mr. Abbas Shumsoodin appeared for the plaintiffs, who are solicitors of the High Court, and claimed to recover from defendant Rs. 721, their costs of a suit in appeal, as certified by the Taxing Master's allocator. The object of bringing the suit here instead of in the Small Causes Court was to save defendant the costs of bringing first a suit in the latter court and then suing him in this court for a decree against his immoveable property. Defendant possessed no moveable property worth mentioning. His Lordship disallowed certain costs incurred by plaintiffs in connection with the present suit, and gave a decree for them for Rs. 699-11-0, without costs.

Mr. Abbas said Rs. 75 as costs were allowed by the rules, and that Mr. Justice Bayley had granted them in a similar case.

His Lordship said the provision of the Code was distinct, that an amount under Rs. 1,000 carried no costs.

BAI VIJOORE V. VULLUBJEE TOOLSEYDAS.

Mr. Farran, instructed by Messrs. Craigie, Lynch and Owen, for the plaintiff, said that negotiations for a settlement were pending, and therefore asked for a postponement until the 25th January 1876. There was no appearance for the defendant, and the application was granted.

DOONGURSEY GANGJEE VS. MOOLJEE VISRAM.

Mr. Kirkpatrick, instructed by Messrs. Hearn, Cleveland and Lee-Warner, appeared for the plaintiff, who claimed to recover Rs. 6,395. The defendant appeared in person and admitted the claim; and his Lordship gave a decree for plaintiff for Rs. 6,395 with interest and costs.

CASES STRUCK OUT.

The following cases were struck out for want of appearance:—Shaik Mahomed Abdool Lutiff v. Sadoba Sudoojee and another. Hussonbhoy Goolam Hoosein v. Fazulbhoy Cassumbhoy Gangjee.

The following short causes came yesterday before the Hon. Mr. Justice Kemball:—

MOTICHUND DEVCHUND V. JOHN EDWARD BODGER.

Mr. Lang, who appeared for the plaintiff, said a long written statement had been put in by the defendant only the previous evening, and it was impossible to proceed with the case. A large number of witnesses would have to be called, and he applied to have the case transferred to the long cause list. It was a claim on a promissory note for Rs 8,100.

The case was accordingly transferred.

CAUSES SETTLED.

It was stated that the following causes,—the London B. and M. Bank v. Bhimjee Hurridas, the same v. Richard Morgan, and the same v. Atmaram Sudasew, had been settled.

THUCKER MORE BHOYOO V. THUCKER SEWJEE PREMJEE.

In this case, neither party to the suit appeared and it was struck out.

# INDIAN EXTRACTS.

## GRAND FIELD DAY AT POONA.

The following Division Order was issued by Lord Mark Kerr, C. B., Commanding the Poona Division of the Army on the 11th instant:—

On Monday, the 13th instant, the 1st Infantry Brigade under the Command of Colonel Kemball, accompanied by the

D-C R. H. A.

3 Guns E-B.

Head Quarters Wing 1st Light Cavalry will represent the advance guard of the enemy marching from "Ahmednuggur" with a view to force an entrance into the Cantonment of Poona, between the Bund and the village of "Moondwa."

Colonel Kemball will take up a position about 3 miles from the Bund Bridge, across the Ahmednuggur Road, and will not move from his ground to commence the attack until 9-15 A. M.

The 2nd Infantry Brigade under the command of Colonel Marston, with the additional troops marginally noted, will take up such position, as he may think necessary, on the Moota Mooli Road advancing with his Artillery and Cavalry for about a mile in the direction of the enemy's front, and

A & R. A.
Left Wing, 1st Light Cavalry.
Squadron, Poona Horse.
Sappers and Miners.

ing him will gradually fall back, for the defence of the river, without the boundaries laid down for the line of attack.

Blank ammunition to be issued to the troops in such proportion as the Officer Commanding the 1st and 2nd Brigades may think necessary and who will be good enough to issue all the necessary subsidiary orders.

The Major General desires that every care is taken to avoid any injury being done to the crops.

Yesterday morning a signal gun was fired at three o'clock for the movement of the troops from their respective lines towards the Bund. This system of firing a gun at each hour has been introduced by our gallant General Lord Mark Kerr, as, whenever the troops are ordered for parade, either in the morning or in the afternoon, an hour previously, a signal gun is fired—which had hitherto never been the practice at this station, and the system now introduced is no doubt a very good one.

After the signal gun was fired, the troops of the Poona Brigade commenced marching towards the Bund, the Royal Artillery coming from Kirkee and joining the different Brigades, to which they were attached, and before 5 o'clock all the troops formed into two Brigades, one under Colonel Kemball on the Ahmednuggur road, and another under Colonel Marston. After taking their respective positions, the troops had a sham-fight and kept up a brisk fire until the enemy was driven away from his position, and this grand Field-day was a great success.

The whole of the troops were commanded by Major General Lord Mark Kerr, C. B. His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief with his brilliant Staff were present.

After the troops had gone through the hard work of the day, they returned to their respective lines, about nine o'clock. The whole of the troops were under arms for nearly five hours. Major Generals Gordon and Grant used to have the troops of this Brigade for a field-day in this month of the year at the bund for the "battle of Poona," which was fought there more than half a century ago.—*Poona Observer*, Dec. 14.

## THE PRINCE OF WALES IN SOUTHERN INDIA.

### PREPARATIONS AT MADURA.

(*From a Special Correspondent of the "Madras Mail"*)

MADURA, 9th Dec.—Great numbers of people are already flocking into Madura. The railway accommodation is inadequate. Only by remembering how recently the line has been opened and the demand made upon it for rolling-stock to convey attendants, troops, horses, carriages, &c., is it easy to excuse the defects in the arrangements for the conveyance of passengers. On Wednesday more than one thousand passengers were waiting conveyance at Dindigul, five hundred at Amayenaik Anoor and six hundred at Solavandan, while no passenger train had gone over the line to Madura for twenty-four hours. And when the first carriage passed along there was accommodation for but forty out of the whole number waiting! This will show the present unpreparedness of the Railway Company to meet exceptional requirements.

I have had an opportunity of seeing the casket which is being prepared for presentation to the Prince. It is of pure beaten gold, the length being ten inches, the breadth six inches, and the depth seven inches, and contains Rs. 2,000 worth of beaten gold. The elaborate figuring illustrates the mythological stories of the goddess of the great temple. The corners are cut away to make room for Yarlis,—mythical animals frequently represented in the buildings of the town. The back panel of the box contains a representation of the coronation of Menachi, the last of the Pandiyan line, being the daughter of the last King Malayadwajan. The Pandiyan power having passed into the hands of a female, the secular power was weakened, till after a lengthened period the priests defied her and ruled in her name. Hence the honor rendered to her was but a mere trick in politics to confirm their own power. The panel at one end of the casket represents he Thikrvijayam,—a ceremony in which the three sovereigns shoots arrows to the eight points of the heavens, thus asserting supremacy. Menachi was encountered by Sundereswaran, who disputed her authority and also claimed to be her lord. She recognized him by predicted secret signs, and owned him as her future husband. The third group, on the front, portrays the marriage of Menachi with Sundareswaran; and the fourth group, on the other end, represents the bestowal of the sceptre, the transfer of the power to the dynasty of the Nsiaks, but really indicating the support accorded by the priesthood which was purchased by the endowments given to the temple. The top, also of gold, has in the centre an oblong-shaped dome richly chased, with a raised ridge, bearing the inscription "Madura, 1875," in raised letters. Two panels, each containing ten niches, separated by columns from which spring graceful arches, represent respectively the ten incarnations of Vishnu and the ten forms of Eswaran. Each of the two side panels contains five separate niches, the centre one with figures of Subramaniya, the god of war, and Pilleyar, the belly good. The other niches are filled with their supporters. The four corners of the lid are filled with intertwining serpents. Round the panels runs a double margin, half an inch wide, of richly chased scroll work. The box is lined with red velvet, and forms altogether a noble example of the exquisite manner in which the goldsmiths of this city can work pure gold. The casket cannot but be highly valued by the Prince, both for its intrinsic merit, and the local mythology it so happily illustrates. The chief credit of the work is due to the Municipal vice-president, Mr. Scott, who, with multifarious duties demanding his attention, has had undivided control in the artistic results of the loyal enthusiasm here—the gold casket and the silver throne. The throne which has been constructed for the use of the Prince is made of pure silver lined with crimson damask, spangled with silver stars. The four legs are formed by mythical animals, rampant, having the body and head of a lion, and the trunk of an elephant. The back is formed by two lions passant. The back is a Hindu arch supported by miniature columns, in the centre of which are the royal arms of England surmounted by the Prince of Wales's crown. Springing from twin columns rise two spiral supports for the canopy. A fringe of silver bead, net work, silver bead and crimson tassels run round the latter. The Prince of Wales's feathers, chased in silver, appears supported apparently by two mythical birds. In the centre of the lower surface of the canopy is a large silver boss. It is hoped the Prince will accept this throne, and the footstool also of silver formed by four lions couchant facing the corners, as specimens of the work of native silver-smiths.

It is a pleasure to report that the city is at length free from cholera. The renovation of the city is so thorough as to incline one to wish that the Prince could visit us once in four or five years. It will be a permanent benefit. Nothing has benefited more by the urgency of the moment than that magnificent pile, Tirumalay Naick's Palace. Mud walls have been thrown down, sweetness and light have been introduced by white-washing, and the noble proportions of halls, vestibules, and ponderous towering columns are revealed to admiring eyes. We are all delighted with the results of Lord Napier's æsthetic taste, and Mr. Chisholm's architectural abilities. Accommodation has been provided in the place for 5,000 people, including as many school children as can be brought together, the authorities being desirous of showing the extent of their efforts in this direction. The great temple has also undergone a thorough cleansing, the beneficial effects being as great as in the palace. A work recently executed at a cost of Rs. 7,00,000 to the Nattacottai Chettiars deserves special notice, for it is the gem of the whole. It is a shrine of elaborate detail and exquisite workmanship surrounded by massive pillars, with Hindu deities going through their gymnastic exercises. To illustrate the dexterity and cunning of the chisseller's hand on each corner of the canopy has a chain of three links pendant from it carved from the solid stone of which the canopy is composed. A copper dome, covered with gold, has already cost the Chetties Rs. 75,000 and still needs Rs. 25,000. The Devastanam treasury will be reduced from its plethoric proportions by recent expenditure. All the gods, and the great goddess Menachi will be present in State to welcome the Prince, their palanquins and chariots having arrived some days ago. Sixteen elephants are ready to form in procession and clank their chains in the stately pageant.

The street decorations are now nearly complete. The chief buildings are selected for the scene of decorations consisting of flags and festoons. One of the most characteristic decorations is a triumphal arch made in taboot work, of white perforated paper backed with red, and covered with talc, and white silvered paper, having three domes, surmounting a large Moorish arch, and flanked by four minarets. The height of this arch will be thirty-three feet. Two large pandals have been erected by the temple authorities, and six in the town, beside those erected at the Railway Company. With few exceptions the pandals erected by natives are crude in workmanship, rough in finish, outrageous in paint, and redeemed only by good intentions. Such is the opinion I have reluctantly formed of those I have seen to-day, except the one of Moorish design alluded to above, the design of Mr. Scott.

## NAWAB ABDALGANI MIA, C. S. I., OF DHAKA.

(*Indian Charivari.*)

It has for many years been a reproach to the Mahomedans of Bengal that they had neglected the opportunities of improving themselves which were afforded by Government, and had allowed their Hindu brethren to pass them in the race of life. But for many years the Government had fostered the Hindu at the expense of his former conqueror, and the Mahomedan has submitted in silence and discontent. Still there have always been some Mahomedans who have displayed the characteristic energy of the followers of the Prophet, and set a good example to their co-religionists. Notable amongst them has been the lately created Nawab, Abdal Gani Mia. Left by his father with only a moderate competency and a small landed estate, he has, by his careful management and untiring industry, accompanied with great natural shrewdness, raised himself to the present position of the wealthiest and most influential native gentleman in Eastern Bengal. And what is more to his credit is that he has attained this position by the most honorable means, and has throughout his long career enjoyed the friendship and respect of all classes, Europeans and Natives alike, with whom he has come in contact. In accumulating wealth for himself he has not been unmindful of others, and the records of his public charities would fill a volume, whilst the town of Dhaka will owe to him its supply of pure water and most of its modern improvements. As a reminder he has set a good example to others by his care of the royts, and he proposes to pay the expenses of numbers of them to Calcutta to enable them to see the Prince of Wales in the same way that landlords in England did for their tenants during the exhibition of 1851. We may conclude by saying that the Nawab well deserves to be entitled, as our artist has entitled him, "The pride of Eastern Bengal."

BUCK.

## POUDRETTE AS MANURE.

(*Madras Mail.*)

THE Government of India called in July 1872 on the Collector of Coimbatore for a report on the use of Poudrette as a manure, but no information could be furnished as the Municipality were in the practice of carting it to a distance from the town and burying it in deep pits. In fact there was no other way of disposing of it, the ryots would not look at it, and it could not be suffered to accumulate. Since then the expense and waste of valuable material caused by this mode of disposing of the

was brought through the gate of Petrovsky Kronstadt Dock, where the ship had her armour plates put on and whence she could not be taken out without taking these plates off again.

In 1872 in Biorke-Zund, a vessel sank in 90 ft. of water. It was intended to lift her by means of barges, but this attempt failed, after much time and money had been spent. On the attempt being made with air bags, the work was successfully accomplished, notwithstanding that this vessel, owing to her cylindrical form, her comparatively small size, and her very heavy weight, proved to be very difficult to raise. The lifting of this vessel thus from the bottom of the sea showed that the work could only have been successfully carried out by means of air bags.

The system afforded no less important aid in 1873 in the Black Sea, where the necessity occurred for changing the pitch of the propelling screws of the Popoffka Novgorod. The form of this ship did not allow her to be taken upon any slipways existing at that time. This work required but three bags, and by means of them the steam was lifted to a height of 5 ft.

Last year a merchant steamer, the Dornkat, which foundered in 11 fathoms of water near London Lights, in the Baltic, was lifted by means of 8 air bags. Notwithstanding that at the beginning of the work the steamer was surrounded on all sides by the ground at the bottom of the sea and was buried in it, and that the work was carried out in an open sea, the steamer was successfully raised.

In the autumn of last year, by means of the air bags, the stern of the Popoffka Novgorod was lifted twice for the purpose of lengthening the blades of the propelling screws and to change their pitch. This year air bags have been usefully applied on several occasions, and at present they render great services in the construction of the new bridge across the Neva in St. Petersburg. In this case they are used to keep in a vertical position the iron caissons during their erection. It will thus be seen that the air bag system is in every respect one which may be of great value to the royal and mercantile navy.

## THE FINANCIAL CRISIS AT MOSCOW.

*(From "Daily Telegraph's" Correspondent.)*

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 13.

THE great event of the last few weeks, which has thrown into the shade even the Herzegovinian rebellion, has been the failure of the Moscow Commerce and Loan Bank. This was accelerated, if not brought about, by the bankruptcy of Dr. Strousberg and by the consequent impossibility of realising the loan of 7,000,000 roubles which the bank had advanced to him. The capital of this institution was 3,000,000 roubles, and according to its charter, whenever one-fourth of the capital—in this case 750,000 roubles—was lost, the affairs had to be wound up, so that the whole of the loss would fall on the shareholders and none on the depositors and creditors. Such charters have given the commercial public great confidence in the Russian banks; although it has for some time been well known that they were practically at the mercy of the managing directors, and that in many cases the Council—as the Board of Direction is called—rarely meets, and is exceedingly remiss in its duties of inspection and supervision. Banks in Russia have been but recently established, and the practice of deposits and of payment by cheques has been of gradual introduction, and cannot yet be called general. Great, therefore, was the shock when it became known that the Commerce and Loan Bank had refused to pay two cheques for the sums of 75,000 and 50,000 roubles, that its books had been taken into possession by an agent of the Procurator, and that the doors of the institution were closed. What the exact losses are is not even yet thoroughly known. According to the published weekly statements of the bank, shortly before its failure, it was engaged in operations to the amount of about 25,000,000 roubles. After a short investigation of the facts, Mr. Poliansky, the managing director, and Mr. Landau, in charge of the foreign department, were arrested and placed in the strictest confinement. Subsequently several other members of the Council, including also Mr. Schuhmacher, the Mayor of Moscow, were placed under close arrest in their own residences, and all their property was attached. Dr. Strousberg was in Moscow at the time of the failure, trying to negociate an additional loan, but left the town, and was arrested on his arrival at St Petersburg. Efforts were made by the friends of the directors to have them released on bail, but to no purpose. M. Schuhmacher, who had resigned his office as Mayor, was subsequently released on giving bail for 100,000 roubles. The Minister of the Interior has refused to accept his resignation until the case has been tried. As Mr. Poliansky, who was elected to fill the Mayoralty in case of a vacancy, is also under arrest, a new election would have been necessary. The affairs of the bank were brought before the Moscow Commercial Court, which at first refused to declare it insolvent, but subsequently did so after reconsidering the case, in accordance, it is said, with superior instructions.

According to the declaration of Mr. Landau before this tribunal, the loan of 7,000,000 roubles to Dr. Strousberg was in three categories. The first was an advance of 1,000 000 roubles on 1,000 railway carriages, which he had to deliver to the Charcof-Azof Railway, and of which 332 had already been sent in, 305 were on the Russian frontier, and 350 were in the Russian factory, although completely finished. The second category was 3,000,000 roubles on 2,000 railway carriages, ordered from Dr. Strousberg, which had not yet been manufactured, but which were guaranteed by the invoices of the materials that had been bought and by notes of Mrs. Strousberg. The third category of 3,000,000 was on shares of various railways, some of which are not yet paid, and on promissory notes, some of them guaranteed by Mrs. Strousberg. Public opinion is very much against the officers of the bank, and against Dr. Strousberg, although in the financial world it is thought that the measures taken by the Government have been too rigorous. There have been numerous accusations of fraud, but thus far nothing of an improper character has been proved. Dr. Strousberg is not under arrest for matters concerning the bank, but is confined in the debtors' prison on account of a debt of 165,000 roubles owing to a private person. It seems unquestionable that there was great mismanagement of the bank's affairs. Only three out of the twenty-four directors were at all acquainted with what was going on, and the 7,000,000 roubles were advanced to Dr. Strousberg without the knowledge of the Council and directors. According to Dr. Strousberg's testimony, this loan was negotiated by an agent, and he received only 60 per cent. of the amount. Part of the remainder, it is alleged, was shared among the officials. There appears to be evidence to show that the actual insolvency of the bank was known by some of the directors a week before the doors were closed, and that in the meantime they withdrew all moneys and deposits in which they were personally interested, and sold out their shares at the high rates at which they were then quoted. It is even said that some was withdrawn from the bank after the doors were closed. It is also stated that a double set of books was kept. If these accusations can be made good, in all probability the losses of the bank will be paid in full out of the personal estates of those accused, as altogether property to the amount of 150,000,000 roubles has been sequestrated. Business in Moscow and in the interior is very much shaken. The merchants have therefore sent a deputation to the Ministers of Finance and of Justice, to secure, if possible, a speedy winding-up of the affairs of the bank. If matters went on in the usual way, no money could be paid out for at least a year, and in the meantime 14,000,000 roubles in deposits of money and securities could not be withdrawn before the expiration of that time, and the personal estates of the directors would also be unavailable to the commercial world. It is announced to-day that in all probability there will be appointed a Commission, consisting in part of officials and in part of business men of acknowledged standing, to liquidate the affairs of the institution at the earliest possible moment.

Assistance has been offered by the Government to the other banks which need it, and it is now given that the Volga-Kama Bank, the affairs of which are long been suspected to be in a delicate condition, have been placed under the special charge of Mr. Ivanesky, the Director of the State Bank. The course, however, is very much excited, and the rates of exchange have become very unfavourable to Russia. It is supposed to be due to the panic and excitement about the political state of Europe. It is believed, too, that the bad harvests may have had something to do with the fall of exchange, for the harvest in Russia this year is exceptionally bad, and the grain crop throughout the empire may be taken as a whole at from 15 to 20 per cent. below what is called a fair medium crop. In the neighbourhood of Odessa, and in the province of Kerson, there is not sufficient grain for the support of the peasants during the winter. The same is the case in the province of Tambof, one of the richest grain producing regions of Russia, being the celebrated black-soil country. Last year there was a bad dry autumn, which ruined much of the winter wheat. This was followed by an unusually long winter and an adverse spring, which ruined not only the grain, but the hay. Besides this the cattle disease broke out in many places, so that in Podolia cows are selling for two roubles, and in Kief horses for three; while in Voronesh the celebrated *bitink* stallions, which ordinarily bring 200 roubles, are now selling for no more than 20. The failure of the harvest has not been able to affect the exports of grain this year, for these are drawn from the last year's crop, but next year we may expect to see the shipments sensibly diminish. The suffering in these places has already begun to be great, but, owing to the delay in the receipt of Government statistics, the exact state of the case cannot yet be known. The provincial and district boards have done something to relieve the distress, but the Government will be obliged to come to the rescue by forbearing to collect arrears of taxes, and in many cases remitting the taxes entirely for a year or two. The bad harvests which afflict the South of Russia are now almost periodical at intervals of three or four years, and are traced by many to the gradual exhaustion of the soil, the wanton destruction of forests, and the lack of moisture. It is therefore urged upon the Government to take measures for tree-planting on a large scale, and for constructing irrigating canals—a work which can be easily done. In fact, one or two irrigation companies have already sought charters, but the usual departmental delays have hitherto prevented their receiving them.

OXYGEN IS LIFE.—DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE—Multitudes of People are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver Complaints, Depression of Spirits, Hypochondria, Timidity, Indigestion, Failure of Hearing, Sight and Memory, Lassitude, Want of Power, &c., whose cases admit of a permanent cure by the new remedy PHOSPHODYNE (Ozonic Oxygen), which at once allays all irritation and excitement, imparts new energy and life to the enfeebled constitution, and rapidly cures every stage of those hitherto incurable and distressing maladies Sold by all Chemists and Druggists throughout the Globe.

☞ CAUTION.—The large and increasing demand for Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne has led to several imitations under somewhat similar names; purchasers of this medicine should therefore be careful to observe that each case bears the Government Stamp, with the words, Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne engraved thereon, and that the same words are also blown in the bottle.

## BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... 82,200,00
RESERVE FUND ..... £ 800,00

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND
AND THE
THE UNION BANK OF LONDON.

CURRENT DEPOSITS.

INTEREST is allowed at TWO PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balances up to Rupees One Lac.

Terms for other Deposits may be obtained on application to the Bank.

Hours of business from 10 A.M. to 3 P.M., and on Saturday's from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.

14, Rampart Row, W.

## FOR SALE.

*Ready for Sale.*

THE NEW INDIAN CUSTOMS' ACT AND TARIFF,

In neat Pamphlet form, 8vo. Demy, 25 pp.

*(Revised and corrected from the latest Gazette of India.)*

PRICE—ANNAS FOUR.

May be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

NOTICE is hereby given that BAI RUTTONBAI, Widow of PARSI BURJORJEE MERWANJEE MALWI, hath CONTRACTED and AGREED to SELL the fee-simple and inheritance free from all incumbrances of and in all that 3 pieces or parcels of LAND or GROUND with the Messuages, Tenements or Dwelling House consisting of three compartments, hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate fronting on the North of the Nizampoora Street, without the Fort, in the Island of Bombay, in the Sub-district of Rhoolesheur, which said pieces or parcels of Land contain by admeasurement 82 square yards or thereabouts, and are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. 227 and 230, and which said dwelling house and premises are assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 58 and are bounded on or towards the East by the property belonging to Mr. Cumroodin Tyabjee and others, on or towards the West by the property of Jamsetjee Pestonjee Dacrowalla, on or towards the North by the Borah Street, and on or towards the South by the aforesaid Nizampoora Street. All persons having any claim upon the said hereditaments and premises by way of Inheritance, Mortgage or in anywise whatever, are hereby required to make the same known to us as Solicitors for the purchaser within fourteen days from the date hereof, failing which the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claims.

Dated this 3rd day of December 1875.

JEFFERSON & PAYNE,
Solicitors for the Purchaser.

## FOR SALE,

AT THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" PRESS.

BOOK-BINDERS' SAW-BENCH.—This Machine is for sawing the backs of Books; and it is arranged for foot or steam power. Price Rs. 175, including seven Circular Saws and various-sized Washers for changing every quarter of an inch.

ESTABLISHED 1751.
THE BEST ENGLISH WATCHES.
GOLDSMITHS' ALLIANCE, LIMITED,
(Late A. B. Savory & Sons),
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,
11 & 12, CORNHILL, LONDON, ENGLAND.

Request the attention of purchasers to their celebrated Patent Lever Watches, which being manufactured by themselves on the premises, are confidently recommended for accuracy and durability.

The following are specially adapted for India:—

PRICES OF SILVER WATCHES.

Patent Lever Watch, jewelled, enamel dial ..... £ 4 14 6
Ditto, jewelled in 4 holes and capped ..... 6 6 0
In hunting cases, 10s. 6d. extra.

GOLD WATCHES (size for Ladies).

Patent Lever Watch, richly engraved case, gold dial, jewelled, &c. ..... 12 12 0
Ditto, keyless, in plain or engine-turned case, jewelled in 6 holes ..... 21 0 0

GOLD WATCHES (size for Gentlemen).

Patent Lever Watch, jewelled in 6 holes, in plain or engine-turned case ..... 16 16 0
Ditto, keyless, jewelled in 10 holes, in plain or engine-turned case ..... 27 6 0
Gold Watches in hunting cases, £3 3s. extra.

A Warranty is given with each Watch.

Orders addressed to the GOLDSMITHS' ALLIANCE, LIMITED, 11 and 12, Cornhill, London, accompanied by a remittance of 20 per cent., will be forwarded through their Agents,

Messrs. EWART, LATHAM & Co., Bombay;
Messrs. PARRY & Co., Madras;
Messrs. COLVIN, COWIE, & Co., Calcutta;
Messrs. GILLANDERS, ARBUTHNOT, & Co., Calcutta.

Pamphlet on Watches, gratis and post free, or on application to the above.

*UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.*

THE PATENT
VERMIN ASPHYXIATOR,
DISINFECTOR, VAPORIZER,
AND
UNIVERSAL FUMIGATOR.

| *FOR DESTROYING* | *FOR DISINFECTING* |
|---|---|
| RATS, SNAKES, REPTILES, INSECTS, &c., &c., &c. | HOSPITALS, VESSELS, DRAINS, ROOMS, BEDDING CLOTHES. |

*For PREVENTING CATTLE PLAGUE, PLEURO-PNEUMONIA, FOOT AND MOUTH DISEASES, &c.*

*For VAPORIZING—CHEMICAL COMPOUNDS.*

*For FUMIGATING—VINES AND GREENHOUSE PLANTS, &c.*

PRICE—Rs. 40.

MANUFACTURERS:
JOHN WATTS & Co., 6, BROAD WEIR, BRISTOL.

AGENT IN BOMBAY:
THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.

*A pamphlet giving a full description of the Machine can be had on application at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.*

☞ SIX OF THESE USEFUL MACHINES HAVE BEEN ORDERED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA FOR USE IN CALCUTTA.

NOW READY,
THE INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE
FOR DECEMBER, 1875;

PRICE—EIGHT ANNAS.

*With a New Coloured Map.*

CONTAINING, besides the other usual information, the latest alterations in the Time Tables of the several lines of Railway, and in the running of the Local and Through Trains between Bombay and Ahmedabad.

The GUIDE, having a large circulation amongst Travellers, by Rail and otherwise, is a most effective medium for Advertisements.

CONTENTS.

Map of India.
Table of Through Routes (and Fares) from Bombay to places in India and abroad.
Index to Railway Stations.
Index to Places by Steamer and Dâk.
Introduction.
Railway Time Tables:—
Great Indian Peninsula Railway.
Local Trains between Bombay, Mahim, and Bandora, by G. I. P. and B. B. and C. I. Railways.
Rates for parcels, horses, carriages, &c., by G. I. P. Railway.
Nizam's State Railway.
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway.
Jubbulpore Extension Railway.
Holkar State Railway.
East Indian Railway.
Rajpootana State Railway.
Oudh and Rohilkhund Railway.
Sind, Punjaub and Delhi Railways:—
Punjaub and Delhi Division.
Sind section.
Through Traffic from Kurrachee to Mooltan, Lahore, and Umritsur.
Eastern Bengal Railway.
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway.
Great Southern of India Railway.
Madras Railway.
Steam Navigation Companies:—
P. & O. Co.
Messageries Maritimes.
Austrian Lloyds.
Rubattino Steam Navigation Company.
Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company.
British India Steam Navigation Company.
Bombay Steam Ferries.
China Steamers.
Indus Steam Flotilla.
Punjaub Steam Flotilla.
Irrawady Flotilla.
India General Steam Navigation Company.
Routes by Steamers.
Routes in the Bombay Presidency.
Bombay to Central Provinces and Calcutta.
List of Travellers' Bungalows along the Trunk Roads of Western India.
Routes in the Central Provinces.
N. W. Provinces and the Punjaub.
Route to Simla.
Route to Landour.
Route to Nynee Tal.
Hill Horse Carriage Dâk.
Rohilkhund Horse Dâk Company.
North-West Dâk Company.
Punjaub and North-Western Dâk Company.
North-Western Dâk Company.
Agra to Jeypore.
Rawul Pindee and Murree.
Scale of Fare for Shigrams, Buggies, &c., in Bombay
Scale of Fares for Palanquins.
Scale of Fares for Boats for Bombay Harbour.

May be had at the Bombay Railway Terminal, and of the following

AGENTS:—

Bombay.....Thacker, Vining & Co.; J. and W. Watson & Co. Hormusjee Sorabjee, Bookseller; Hamm ond's Refreshment Rooms; Messrs. Cooper & Co.; Auckland Hotel; Byculla Hotel; and Messrs. Atmaram Sagoon & Co.
Allahabad.....Kellner & Co.
Alexandria.....D. Robertson & Co.
Bangalore.....Spectator" Office.
Bombay.....Railway Refreshment Rooms.
Calcutta.....Wyman & Co.
Ceylon (Colombo) "Ceylon Observer" Office.
Deolalee.....Cursetjee Dossabhoy.
Egutpoora.....Railway Refreshment Rooms
Kurrachee.....Sindian" Press.
London.....G. Street, 30, Cornhill.
Madras.....Higginbotham & Co., "Madras Times," and "Madras Mail" Offices.
Matheran.....Chowk Hotel and Alexandra Hotel.
Ootacamund.....Observer" Office.
Poona.....Treacher & Co.; D. S. Kemp & Co. and Royal Family Hotel.

## FOR SALE.

*INDISPENSABLE TO TOURISTS VISITING BOMBAY.*

MACLEAN'S

GUIDE TO BOMBAY.

*PRINTED AND PUBLISHED AT THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.*

*Price—Rs. 4; with Indian Postage, Rs. 4-4.*

Contents:—

PART I.

MAP OF BOMBAY.
MAP OF INDIA.
ALMANACK, 1875-76.
GEOGRAPHY AND HISTORY OF THE ISLAND
POPULATION.
TRADE AND INDUSTRY.
GOVERNMENT AND REVENUE (IMPERIAL, PROVINCIAL, AND MUNICIPAL).
DESCRIPTIVE ACCOUNT OF BOMBAY AND THE PRINCIPAL OBJECTS OF INTEREST IN AND ABOUT THE CITY.
DESCRIPTIVE ACCOUNT OF THE PRINCIPAL FESTIVALS HELD IN BOMBAY.
EXCURSIONS FROM BOMBAY.

PART II.—BOMBAY DIRECTORY.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY—
CIVIL AND MILITARY.
MERCANTILE DIRECTORY.
PROFESSIONAL AND TRADES' DIRECTORY.
LIST OF PUBLIC OFFICES AND INSTITUTIONS.
FORT STREET DIRECTORY.
LIST OF PRINCIPAL EUROPEAN INHABITANTS OF MALABAR HILL, BREACH CANDY, GRANT ROAD, AND BYCULLA.
FARES FOR SHIGRAMS, BUGGIES, CABS, &c.
RATES OF BOAT FARES FOR BOMBAY HARBOUR.
ALPHABETICAL INDEX TO NAMES.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

*(Indian Statesman, Bombay.)*

SELDOM have we seen a great need more efficiently responded to than in the publication of this valuable historical record of a city that may fairly claim a more than usually large share of public interest. It would be difficult to name any place or subject associated with Bombay's rise and progress, or with its present condition, that is left altogether untouched upon; and in these fast times when railways serve to double time and annihilate distance, the hasty but shrewd glances here taken are necessarily condensed to the utmost, but not the less forcibly put forth. Readers of the present day seek to absorb the largest possible amount of matter useful in the shape of information, within the shortest possible space of time, and at the smallest possible expenditure of labour. Herein the patient is well administered to, for a greater extent of research could scarcely have the result compressed into so small a compass. The descriptive portions carry with them a charm of diction worthy the pen of the great "special" we are hoping soon to welcome to Bombay; and they will be found well to repay the reader. Mr Maclean has added a very important contribution to existing literary treasures; and his "Guide to Bombay" will doubtless take its place amongst the standard works of reference.

*(Deccan Herald.)*

WE have found "Maclean's Guide to Bombay" one of the most readable books we have come across for a very long time. The chapter on History and Geography in this volume is most interesting; it is of lasting interest moreover, and we trust that the book which contains it, will take a permanent place as a "Guide to Bombay." The enterprise of the *Gazette* office has given us a general travellers' *Guide*, and now the head of the office has given the public a most attractive "Guide to Bombay" itself. Mr. Maclean excels in description, and it is very pleasant to go with him through old and almost forgotten paths—brought out into clear light and back to memory by his vivid description of them in this volume. We trust it will be bought up by the crowds of visitors now in Bombay.

*(Poona Observer.)*

SUCH a book was a great *desideratum*, and its having been compiled by so able a hand as its author renders it the most trustworthy work of the kind that could have been desired.

*(Pioneer.)*

THE hope expressed by Mr. J. M. Maclean, in the preface to a Bombay Guide he has just published (at the *Bombay Gazette* Office), that it may take rank as the standard guide to Bombay, is likely to be realised. He has collected, in one handy volume, all that anyone can care to know about the place. A residence of fifteen years, a professional knowledge of everything that goes on in the city, and a careful study of all that has been written about it, have fitted him for the task.

*(Englishman).*

It may, in reality, claim to be a model of what such a publication should be. It is not only an excellent guide-book in the narrower sense of the term, but it combines with topography a complete Directory, along with detailed accounts of the population, trade and industry, administrative arrangements, and history and geography of Bombay.

*(Indian Daily News.)*

A BOOK which will have a permanent value on account of the information it contains, and its general scope, not only as a guide book, but as a book of reference. It seems to contain something about every thing that a visitor would care to know about, and its table of contents enables the reader to "spot" in an instant the thing he wishes to see.

*(Calcutta Statesman.)*

As a *Guide* to the city the publication is admirable.

*(Civil and Military Gazette.)*

THIS is an excellent and compendious handbook printed and published at the *Bombay Gazette* Press, of modest and portable size, but containing a vast amount of information and giving two excellent maps—one of India shewing the lines of railways, telegraphs and dâk routes, and the other of the Island of Bombay constructed and reduced from Colonel Laughton's celebrated survey map. Whatever Mr. Maclean puts his hand to do is sure to be done well, and, although he disclaims for his work any other merit than that it is a careful, and, so far as it goes, an accurate digest of such information as he has been able to collect, it is much more. It is the result of the reading and observation of a clever man who knows how to make the best use of the information he has acquired. Always a pleasant writer, Mr. Maclean will not be found dull even in the pages of a guide book. The work to him seems to have been a labour of love—he does it thoroughly, and in literally cramming the reader with information he is always interesting, never pedantic. He is the pleasantest of companions in and about the island or rather peninsula he writes of, and whose history he gives from the time it was handed over by the Crown to the East India Company "for an annual rent of £10 in gold." Mr. Maclean hopes that his book "will take rank at the standard Guide to Bombay," and this hope, we think, will be realised.

*(Madras Athenæum.)*

WE have to acknowledge, with thanks, receipt of this very handy and interesting volume, which, as might be expected from the name it bears, is well fitted to take rank, according to its author's hopes, as "the standard Guide to Bombay." It is just the sort of handy book one can carry about anywhere, without inconvenience, as a guide book ought to be, and leaves nothing to be desired in its arrangement, the quantity and quality of the information it contains, the excellence of the typography, or the general get up of the volume. Mr. Maclean has taken great pains to render it complete in every particular, and really he has been thoroughly successful.

Altogether, the "Guide to Bombay" is a book which ought to be in the hands of all who care to know anything of India and to obtain their knowledge in a compendious form. We have spent a very pleasant hour over its pages, and know more about Bombay now than we ever expected to know without a very much greater expenditure of time and trouble; though we have long been familiar with every part of the Island. We expect Mr. Maclean's hopes will speedily be realised. The advent of the Guide is most opportune, and the author's efforts will, no doubt, be rewarded with the success they so richly merit.

FOR SALE,

INDIA TO ENGLAND BY THE LEVANT AND THE DANUBE.

Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*.

PRICE—ONE RUPEE.

May be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, and from Messrs. Thacker, Vining & Co.

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

THE ACT of PARLIAMENT constituting the HIGH COURT of BOMBAY, with the Letters Patent and other Documents relating to the same. Price RUPEES THREE

FOR SALE,
AT THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.

LITHOGRAPHIC STONES.

RED AND GREEN PRINTING INK,

PRINTER'S VARNISH.

ALSO

SECOND-HAND STEAMER BLOCKS AND SHIP BLOCKS.

Apply at the Manager, *Bombay Gazette* Office, Fort, Bombay

## TRUNKS, BAGS & PORTMANTEAUS.

**ASQUITH & CO.** can, with confidence, recommend the above to Travellers, guaranteeing strength and durability, combined with lightness and security.

*For description of Article, Size, and Price see as follows:—*

| | Inches. | Cash. | Credit. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Gent's Overland Trunks, best Japanned Canvas, with Strong Brass Locks. The Correct Cabin Height. .. .. | 27 | 25 0 | 28 0 |
| | 31 | 28 0 | 31 0 |
| | 33 | 31 0 | 34 0 |
| | 36 | 34 0 | 38 0 |
| Extra Quality, best Dull Canvas, very strong, Stout-bound Edges. The best Trunk procurable .. .. | 30 | 35 0 | 39 0 |
| | 33 | 38 0 | 43 0 |
| Trays, fitting the above, can be had at each .. .. .. | | 3 8 | 4 0 |
| Ladies' Overland Trunks, fitted with Tray, upper Compartment and Moveable Millinery Division, very strong .. | 33 | 50 0 | 56 0 |
| | 36 | 55 0 | 62 0 |
| Cabin Bags, best Japanned Canvas, opening full space at top, with Linen Tray, very compact and strong .. | 24 | 37 0 | 41 0 |
| Railway Companions, to fit Under-seat, wide and flat, best Brown Leather Shirt Case and Morocco Pocket. A very durable and useful article .. | 18 | 20 0 | 23 0 |
| | 20 | 23 0 | 26 0 |
| | 22 | 24 0 | 27 0 |
| | 24 | 26 0 | 29 0 |
| Railway Portmanteaux, fitted as above, best Japanned Canvas, Brass Tumbler Lock .. .. .. | 16 | 12 8 | 14 0 |
| | 18 | 14 8 | 16 8 |
| | 20 | 16 8 | 18 8 |
| | 22 | 18 8 | 21 0 |
| Best Dull Canvas, extra strong, fitted with extra pair Luggage Straps, and Lever Lock .. .. .. .. | 24 | 29 0 | 33 0 |
| | 26 | 32 0 | 36 0 |
| Portmanteaux, Brown Tanned Canvas, very strong and durable article, and well suited for Rough Wear, fitted with strong outside Straps, and best Brass Lever Lock .. .. .. | 22 | 28 0 | 31 0 |
| | 24 | 31 0 | 35 0 |
| | 27 | 35 0 | 40 0 |
| | 33 | 41 0 | 46 0 |
| Air-tight Cases, Suitable for Uniform best Japanned Block Tin fitted with Handles, strong Lock and Bolts .. | 24 | 26 0 | 29 0 |
| | 26 | 28 0 | 32 0 |
| | 28 | 35 0 | 41 0 |
| | 31 | 40 0 | 45 0 |

| | Inches. | Cash. | Credit. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Best Solid Leather Portmanteaux. The best and strongest made, Turned Edges, Copper Riveted, will last for years .. .. | 27 | 50 0 | 56 0 |
| | 30 | 56 0 | 61 0 |
| Hat Compendium, best Japanned Canvas, with moveable fittings for Helmet, or other use upper Linen Compartment .. | | 22 0 | 25 0 |
| The Celebrated Gladstone Bag, best Enamelled Ox-hide, very tight and strong, fitted with Patent Spring Lock and pair Wrapper Straps .. .. .. | 20 | 32 0 | 36 0 |
| | 22 | 36 0 | 40 0 |
| | 24 | 40 0 | 45 0 |
| The Gladstone Bag, Stained Ox-hide, the best article procurable .. .. | 22 | 47 0 | 45 0 |
| | 24 | 45 0 | 50 0 |
| Black Hide Hand Bags, lined with Dark Leather, Patent Spring Tumbler Lock | | 15 8 | 17 8 |
| Brief or Paper Bags, from .. .. | | 10 0 | 11 8 |
| Cash or Courier Bags, made of best Tanned Canvas Strap passing under bottom, to give extra security .. | | 8 8 | 9 8 |
| | | 9 8 | 11 0 |
| | | 11 8 | 13 0 |
| Same make as above, best Brown Leather .. .. .. | | 11 8 | 18 0 |
| Soiled Linen Bags, stout Canvas, fitted with Lock Frame .. .. | | 4 12 | 5 8 |
| | | 5 12 | 6 8 |
| The "Sandringham" Dressing Bag, elegantly and beautifully fitted with every article necessary for the Tourist or Traveller The dressing and writing fittings are most conveniently arranged and a large space is available for stowing Kit .. .. .. | | 350 0 | 400 |
| The "Oxford" Dressing Bag, made on the principle of the "Gladstone," beautifully fitted with every Dressing requisite, the whole of which can be bodily removed and placed in a cab to suit the convenience or taste of the Traveller .. .. .. | | 175 0 | 220 0 |

THE OVERLAND KIT WAREHOUSE,
23 AND 24, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.



## THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S CELEBRATED LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES,

WORKED BY HAND OR FOOT.

BRANCH DEPOT, BOMBAY,
No. 6, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, NEAR BOLTON & Co.
where Letters may be addressed.

AGENCY IN POONA:
A. D. EZEKIEL,
THE POONA IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY.
BRANCH DEPOT, CALCUTTA: 33, 34, 35 CHOWRINGHEE ROAD.

## BOURNE AND SHEPHERD,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS,
No. 10, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.
(Near the Esplanade Hotel.)
ALSO AT
CALCUTTA AND SIMLA.
STUDIO FOR PORTRAITURE OPEN DAILY
FROM 9 A.M. TILL 4 P.M.
INDIAN SCENERY.

Messrs. BOURNE AND SHEPHERD's collection of Photographs of Indian Scenery is the LARGEST and BEST existing. These Photographs represent Scenes in Cashmere, N. W. Provinces, the Principal Hill Stations, the snowy ranges of the Himalayas, Neilgherries, Southern India, Ceylon, Calcutta, Bombay Presidency, Rajpootana and Burmah.

RAJPOOTANA.

A handsomely-bound Album containing 30 large Views of Architectural Remains, and beautiful Scenery in Rajpootana, with copious Letter-press Description by J. Burgess, Esq., F.R.G.S., M.R.A.S. Price per Copy—Rs. 100.

N.B.—The above volume would be very suitable for Presentation to Friends at Home.

COLOURING.

Portraits painted in Oil or Water Colour, from the smallest Miniature up to the size of Life.

"CARTES" of European and Anglo-Indian Celebrities, Native Chiefs and Native Characters, Frames, Cases and Albums in great variety always in stock.

August 1st, 1876. 10, Rampart Row.

## MRS. JACOB HUNT,

MILLINER AND DRESS-MAKER,
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY AND EAST STREET, POONA,

HAS much pleasure in announcing to the Ladies of Bombay, Poona, and Out-stations, that she has JUST RECEIVED a choice and beautiful SELECTION of MILLINERY consisting of BONNETS and HATS handsomely Trimmed, FRENCH FLOWERS, BALL DRESSES and other ARTICLES too numerous to mention.

LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S KID GLOVES in all SIZES and COLOURS from Rs. 2-12 to Rs. 3 a pair.

LADIES' OWN MATERIALS MADE UP.

WEDDING AND MOURNING ORDERS CAREFULLY ATTENDED TO.

*Orders from Out-stations promptly executed.*

## GREAT AUCTION SALE.

ON FRIDAY and SATURDAY next, December 17th and 18th, at SOUNDY & Co.,'s Premises, Hummum Street.

Property on view, inspection invited.

## FRESH ARRIVAL OF MILLINERY.

## MRS. LAKE,

MILLINER, DRESS-MAKER, SILK MERCER, &c.

*MRS. LAKE has the pleasure to announce to the Ladies of Bombay, &c., that she has just received a choice and fashionable consignment of Millinery, &c. for the SEASON, consisting of "Bonnets and Hats," trimmed and untrimmed; "Dresses" in all the new materials, Silks, Satins, Velvets, "Ribbons," "Feathers," "Flowers," &c.*

*Superior Kid Gloves for Gentlemen—White, Black and Colored, also "Black and White Scarves and Dress Neckties."*

*Superior Kid Gloves for Ladies*—1, 2, 3 *and* 4 *Buttons.*

"WEDDING AND MOURNING ORDERS RECEIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION."

UXBRIDGE HOUSE.
NO. 7 CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT.

## NOTICE.

MESSRS. BOURNE AND SHEPHERD, PHOTOGRAPHERS, have the pleasure to announce that they have completed a beautiful Series of Views of WAI and MAHABLESHWUR.
10, Rampart Row, Bombay, 30th November 1875.

## J. NEUBERG.

REAL HAVANNAH CIGARS.

MANILLA CIGARS.
CAVITE BRANDS.
Carefully selected by MR. NEUBERG's Special Agent at MANILLA.

PONDICHERRY INDIANAS,
AN EXCEPTIONALLY FINE BRAND
of these favorite Cigars in Stock.
MILD, MELLOW, MATURED.

DINDIGUL HAVANNAHS.
Mr. Neuberg's Own Brand,
The Indian Havannah *Par Excellence.*

J. NEUBERG,
MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

## THORPE & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED
A VERY CHOICE SELECTION
OF
NEW GOODS
FOR THE PRESENT SEASON.

THORPE & CO.,
NAVAL AND MILITARY TAILORS,
MASONIC CLOTHIERS, &c.,
BOMBAY.

## HOUSES TO BE LET.

TO BE LET, with immediate possession, the well-known BUNGALOW, situated on Cumballa Hill, known as the "PROSPECT LODGE," formerly occupied by the Hon'ble SIR MICHAEL WESTROPP, and lately in the occupation of Mr. RAWLINS. Rent Rs. 200. For particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, a two-storied BUNGALOW on the verge of Cumballa Hill, formerly in the occupation of R. M. A. BRANSON, Esq. Rent Rs. 250. Apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

A COMFORTABLE BUNGALOW on Cumballa Road, open to the Sea breeze. Rent only Rs. 75. Apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

RESIDENCES IN THE FORT.

RAMPART ROW.

SIX RESIDENCES in Rampart Row. Rents Rs. 600, 500, 300, 300, 300, 200, 200.

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

HORNBY ROW.

RESIDENCES in Hornby Row. Rents Rs. 500, 300, 275, 100. Also several RESIDENCES in different parts of the Fort, from Rs. 35 up to 400. For particulars, apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

## HOTELS.

MALABAR FAMILY HOTEL,
BREACH CANDY, MALABAR HILL,
BOMBAY.

THIS HOTEL is located in the finest, coolest, most healthy and fashionable part of Bombay. It is close to the sea," and surrounded by Gardens and beautiful Scenery.

The Rooms are very large, and fitted up with every home comfort.

Testimonials, with view of Hotel, forwarded on application. The distance is within half an hour's drive of the Fort, and fifteen minutes from the G. I. P. and B. B. & C. I. Railways.

TERMS—MODERATE.

W. H. SARGENT,
Proprietor.

## FOR SALE.

*Just Published. Price—One Rupee.*

THE THEORY OF RELEVANCY for the purpose of Judicial Evidence; by G. C. WHITWORTH, C.S.

THACKER, VINING & Co.

LETTS' DIARIES
FOR 1876,
*at English Prices,*
viz. 8 Annas to the Shilling for Cash;
10 Annas for Credit.
ALL SIZES,
*on sale by*
TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,
Bombay, Byculla, and Poona.

SALE OF APOLLO HOUS